





# Virtual Reality & Augmented Reality

Nicola Cortesi



resume this article in english: https://www.ilfattoquotidiano.it/2023/10/12/il-caldo-record mette-in-crisi-la-moda-solo-a-settembre-persi-320-milioni-felloni-penalizzate-piccole-boutique-di-quartiere-e-negozi-storici/7319212/





e.g: use it to summarize and translate any online text

The article highlights the crisis faced by the fashion industry due to unusually warm temperatures in September, delaying the purchase of winter clothing and accessories. This unexpected weather led to a 6% drop in sales in September, which further plummeted to 30% in the early days of October. The fashion industry's pre-ordering system faced challenges as consumer behavior shifted, impacting small neighborhood boutiques and

Update: now ChatGPT is finally connected to internet!







#### It can also summarize and translate any online video

Il video che hai fornito è una presentazione di Simon Sinek intitolata "Commencez par demander pourquoi" (Inizia con il chiedere "Perché?"). Ecco un riassunto dei punti chiave:

- 1. Il Cercle d'Or (Il Cerchio d'Oro): Simon Sinek introduce un modello chiamato "Il Cerchio d'Oro" composto da tre parole: Perché, Come e Cosa. La maggior parte delle aziende inizia dal "Cosa" (il prodotto che vendono) e poi si sposta verso il "Come" e il "Perché". Tuttavia, le aziende e i leader veramente ispiratori iniziano dal "Perché".
- 2. Apple come esempio: Mentre molte aziende vendono prodotti dicendo cosa fanno e come lo fanno, Apple comunica iniziando con il "Perché" (la loro credenza nel pensare diversamente) e poi si sposta verso il "Come" e il "Cosa". Questo approccio li rende distintivi e ispiratori.
- 3. Martin Luther King e i Fratelli Wright: Entrambi sono esempi di individui che hanno avuto un grande impatto perché erano guidati da una forte "ragione" o "Perché". Non erano né i

#### It can also resume youtube videos! (with the "Video summary" plugin)

4. La biologia del "Perché": Sinek discute di come il nostro cervello sia cablato. Il nostro







#### Finished browsing



Here are the upcoming big events in Milan for 2023:

#### 1. Milano Fashion Week Women's & Men's:

• The event is scheduled for February 21st to 27th, focusing on the Autumn-Winter 2023/2024 collections, and again from September 20th to 26th for the Spring-Summer 2024 collections. It's a significant event on Milan's fashion calendar, featuring big names like Ferragamo, Boss, Anteprima, Moncler, and Antonio Marras. Notable events within the fashion week include the Anteprima fashion show celebrating its 30th anniversary and the Cnmi Sustainable Fashion Awards on September 25th.

#### 2. The Milano Carnival:

 Scheduled for February 25th, 2023, the special Ambrosian carnival in Milan lasts four days longer than in the rest of Italy. It's a time for tradition and fun, with events, sweet pastry treats, traditional costumes, and masks for children.

#### 3. MuseoCity:

From March 3rd to 5th, Milan transforms into a citywide museum with special openings,
 exhibitions, workshops, and engaging initiatives. It's a collaborative event where various.

It collects info from various sources, merging many google searches in one









Certainly! Here's the information organized in a table as requested:

P	Λ
$\mathbf{I}$	n i
_	 _



Name	Date	Location
Milano Fashion Week Women's & Men's	Feb 21-27, Sep 20-26, 2023	Various locations in Milan
The Milano Carnival	February 25, 2023	Atelier Teatro, Milan
MuseoCity	March 3-5, 2023	Various museums in Milan
Bill Viola Exhibition	Feb 24 - Jun 25, 2023	Palazzo Reale, Milan
Miart + Art Week	TBA	TBA
Inside Monet: Virtual Reality Experience	Apr 15 - Dec 31, 2023	Arco della Pace Milano
Museo del Design Italiano 2023	Apr 15, 2023 - Apr 14, 2024	Triennale Milano, Milan
2000 St. 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	/W 3 3 3 3 3 4 4 5 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	1 17 17 × 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12

.... and it gives you the flexibility to manipulate the results as you like



Create 5 tweets from this article: https://www.ilfattoquotidiano.it/2023/10/12/prezzi-del-gas-in-forte-aumento-52-euro-per-le-tensioni-in-medio-oriente-nellultima-settimana-rincaro-del-40/7321232/





Based on the given article, here are five tweets:



- Gas prices skyrocket to €52 due to Middle East tensions. A 40% hike just in the last week! Stay updated on the energy crisis unfolding: [link to article] #GasPrices #EnergyCrisis
- 2. With a 40% rise in gas prices in just a week, households and businesses are feeling the pinch. Middle East unrest is cited as a major factor. Read more: [link to article] #GasPrices #MiddleEast
- 3. The ripple effects of Middle East tensions: Gas prices soar to €52, marking a whopping 40% increase over the last week! Full story here: [link to article] #EnergyCrisis #GlobalImpact
- 4. Paying more at the pump: Gas prices hit €52 amid escalating tensions in the Middle East. A 40% surge in just a week is alarming! More details: [link to article] #GasPrices #MiddleEastTensions
- 5 📦 The curae in ago prices to £50 driven by Middle East uprest is a stark reminder of our

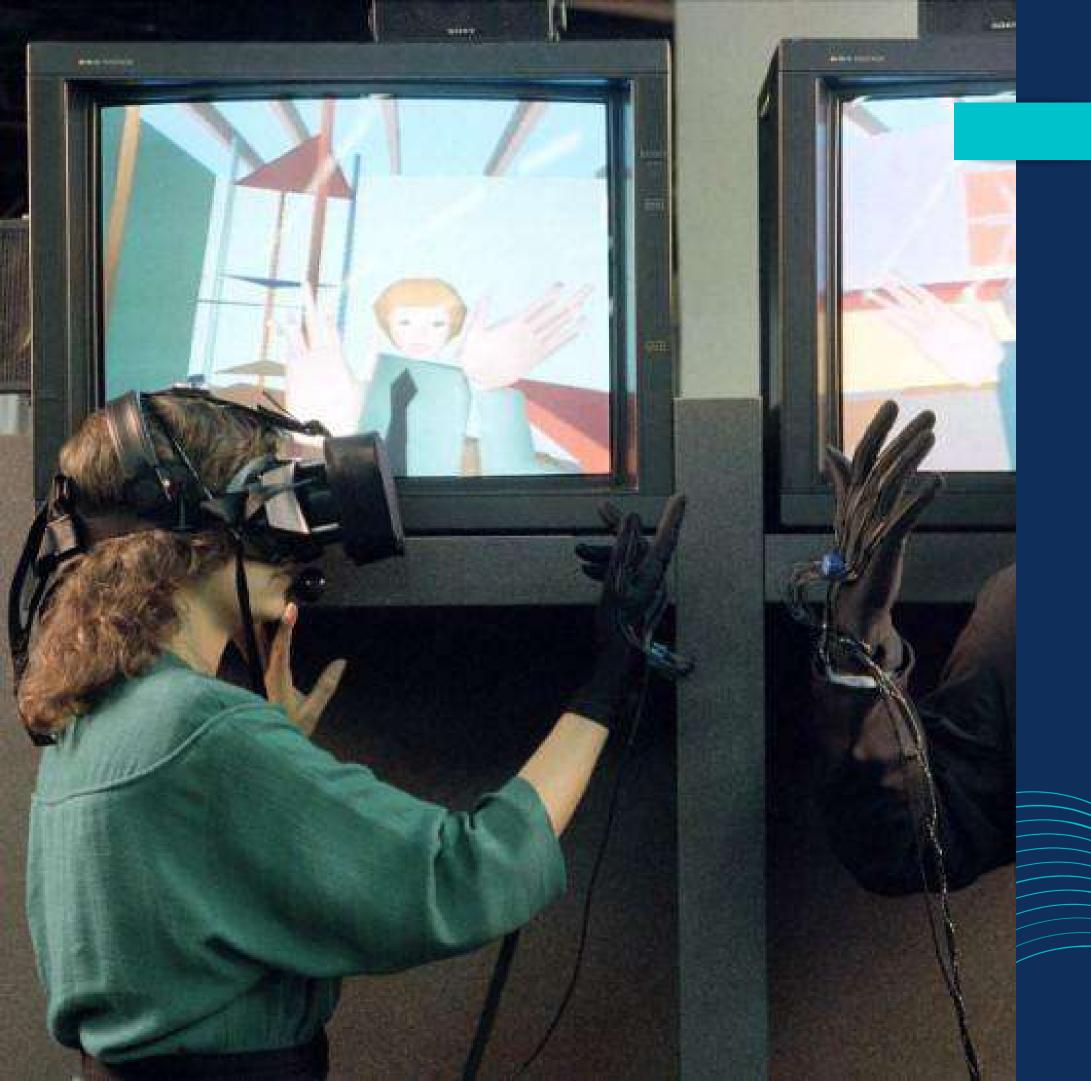
You can also repurpose content from one format to another





## INTRODUCTION

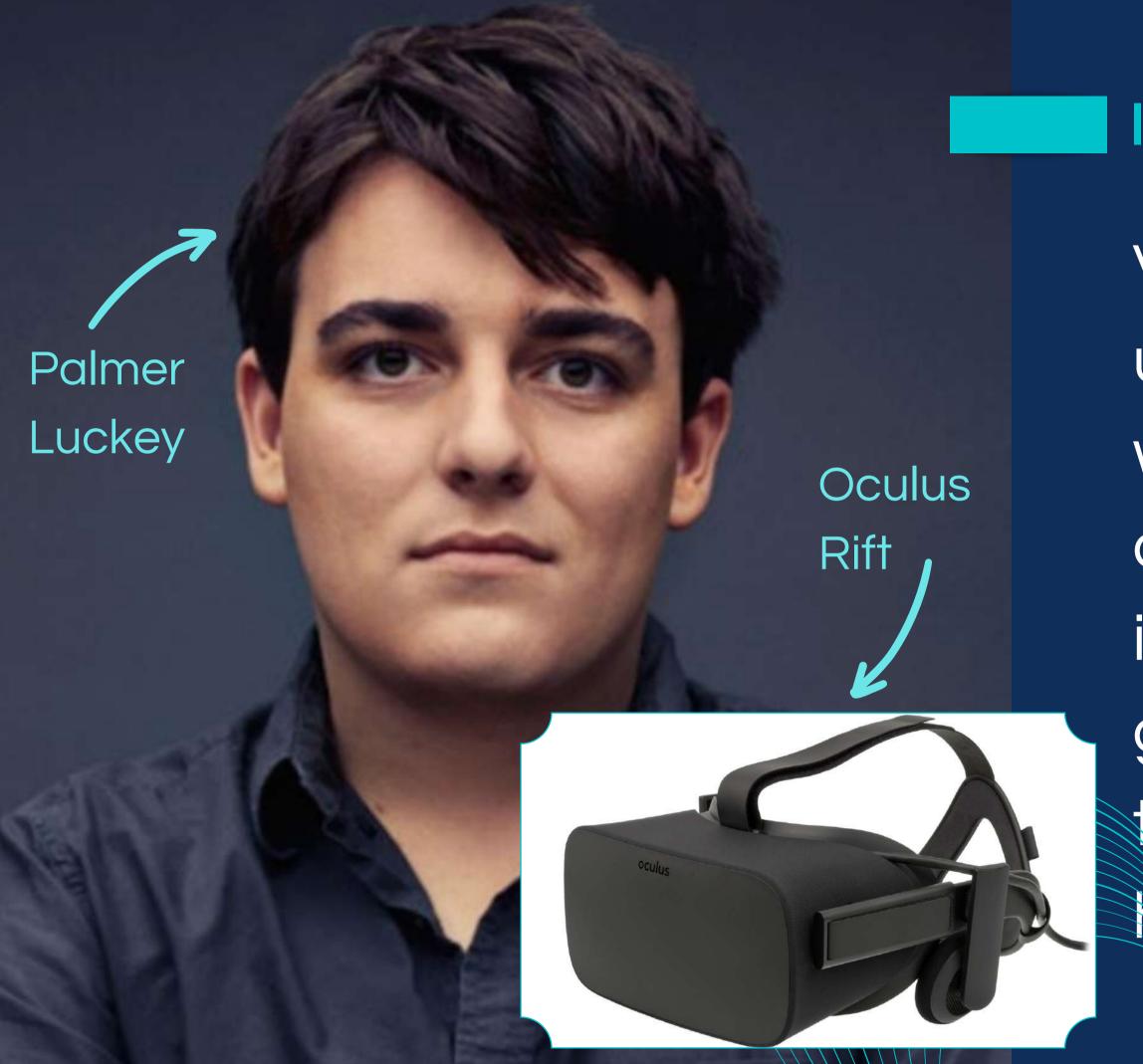
Virtual reality is a very popular technology in science fiction but it proved to be more difficult than expected to achieve





## INTRODUCTION

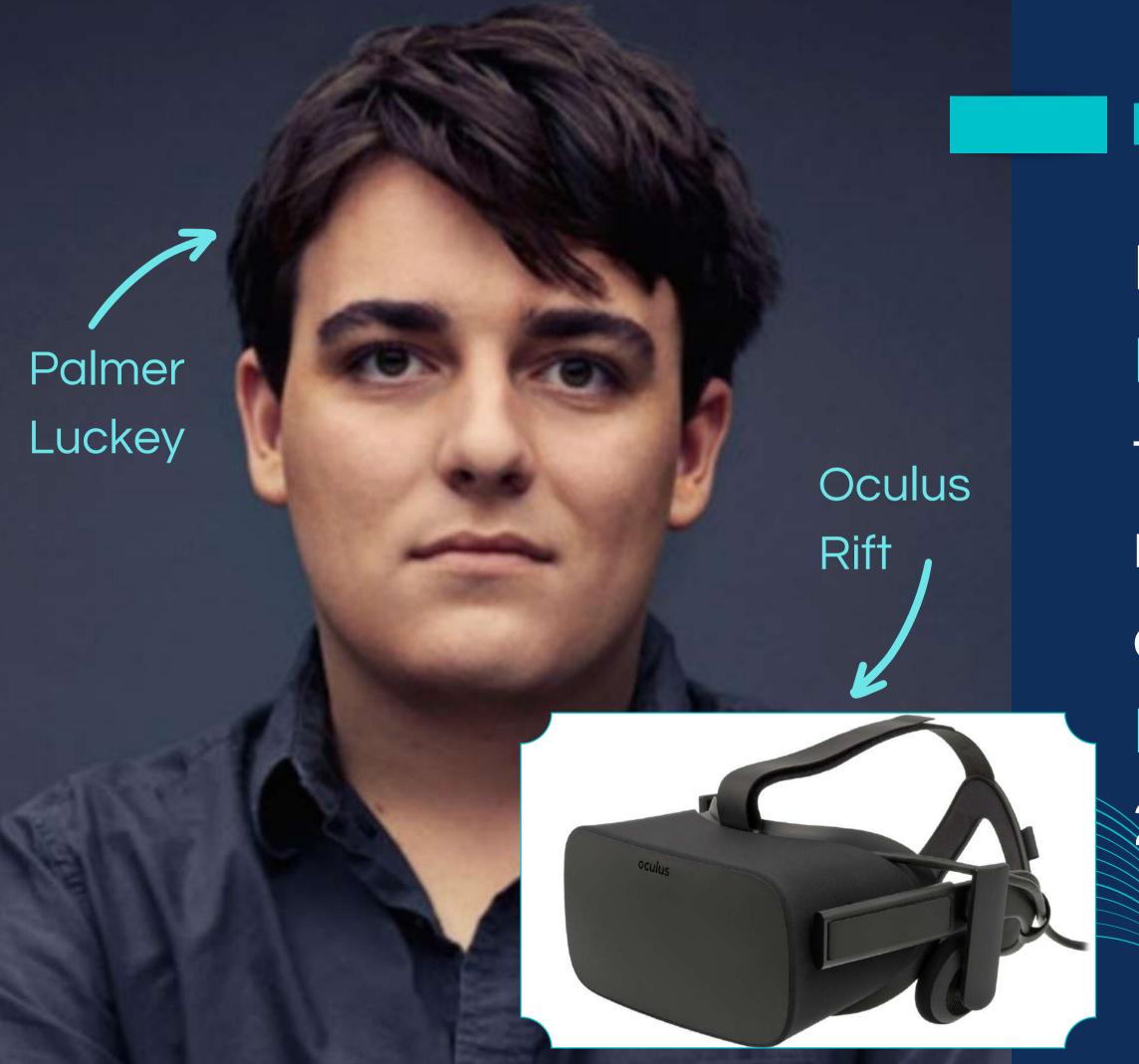
in 1990s SEGA, Nintendo and other videogame companies released to the market the first headsets for VR, but technology was not mature yet







VR was abandoned until 20 years later, when Palmer Luckey, an american teenager, in 2010 built in his garage the Oculus Rift, the first modern VR headset







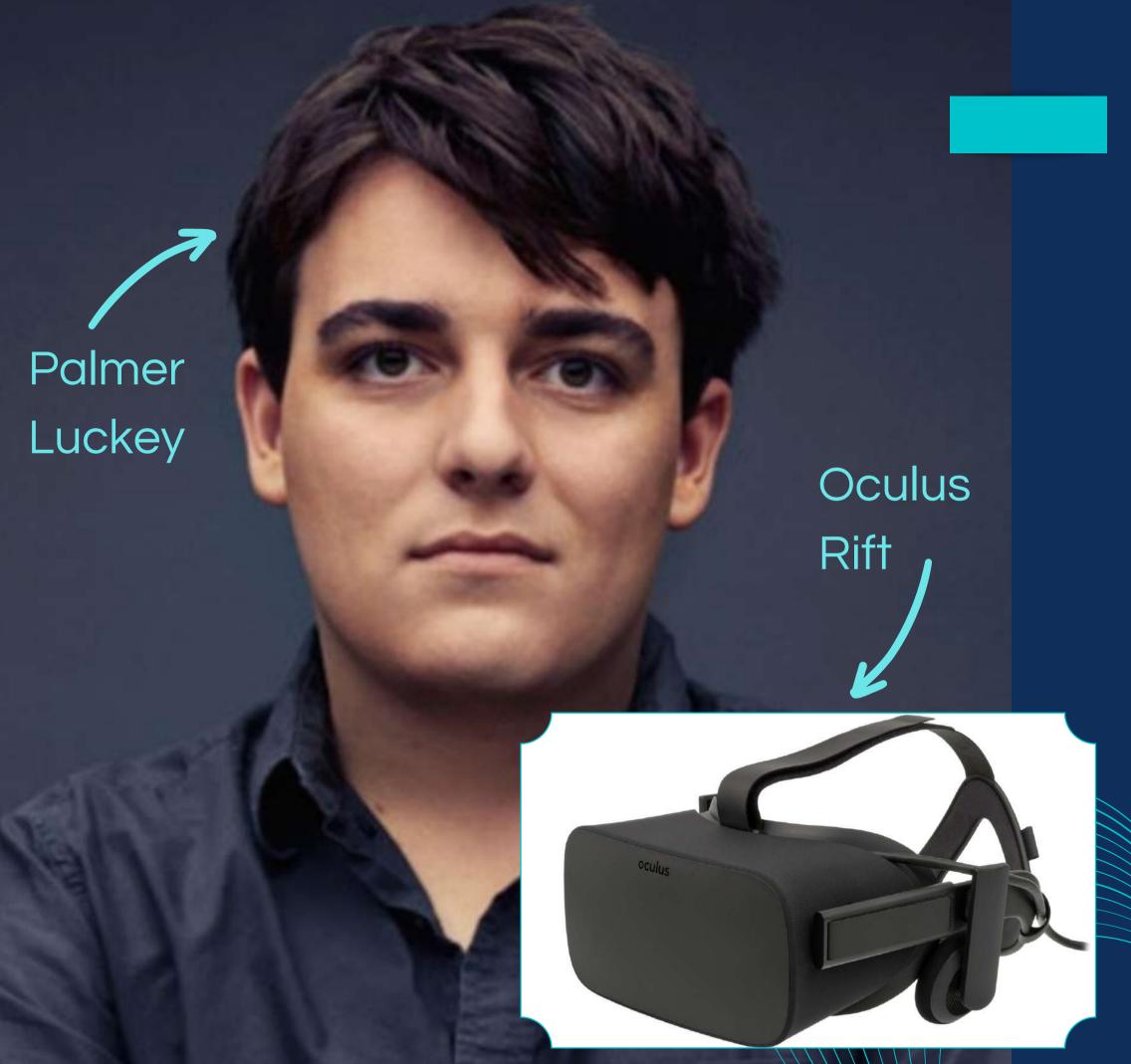
He sold it through a Kickstarter campaing that raised \$2.4 millions and founded company Oculus, that Facebook acquired in 2014 for \$3 billions





#### INTRODUCTION

In 2021, 80% of all VR headsets sold are the Oculus Quest 2 (later rebranded as Meta Quest 2). Facebook has sold 15 millions units at \$400 each

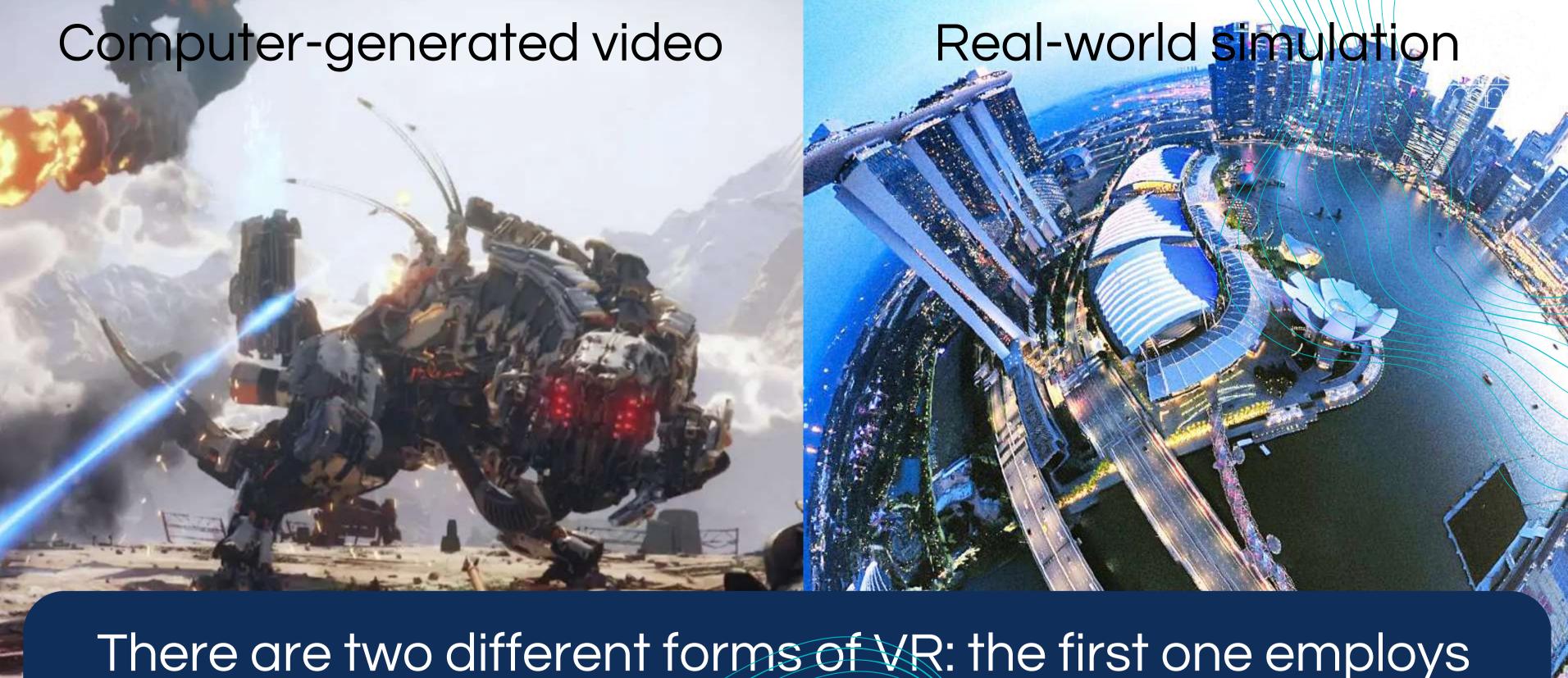


## INTRODUCTION



At 24 years he already had \$3 billions in his pockets.

Palmer became a living legend; he left Oculus to create another company



There are two different forms of VR: the first one employs computer generated imagery (e.g. VR games); the second one simulates the real world instead and is called 360 VR







360 VR is perfect for marketing in the tourism industry, where it is important to show users a preview of the real location

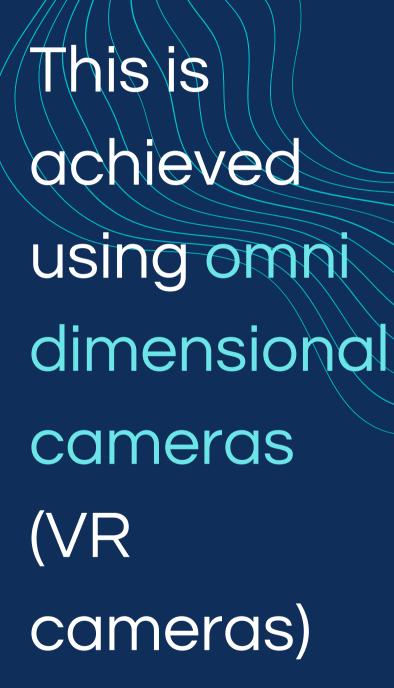




#### 360 VR VIDEOS

A 360 VR video captures every part of a location, enabling the viewers to explore the entire scene at 360 degrees, not just from a single fixed viewpoint



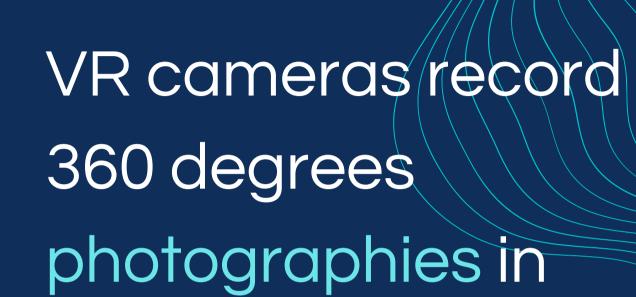








## VR CAMERAS



order to build 360

videos.









#### VR CAMERAS

To generate the feeling of the third dimension, two images are generated, one for each eye, taken from a slightly different persective (stereo projection)





which combine a smartphone with a mount



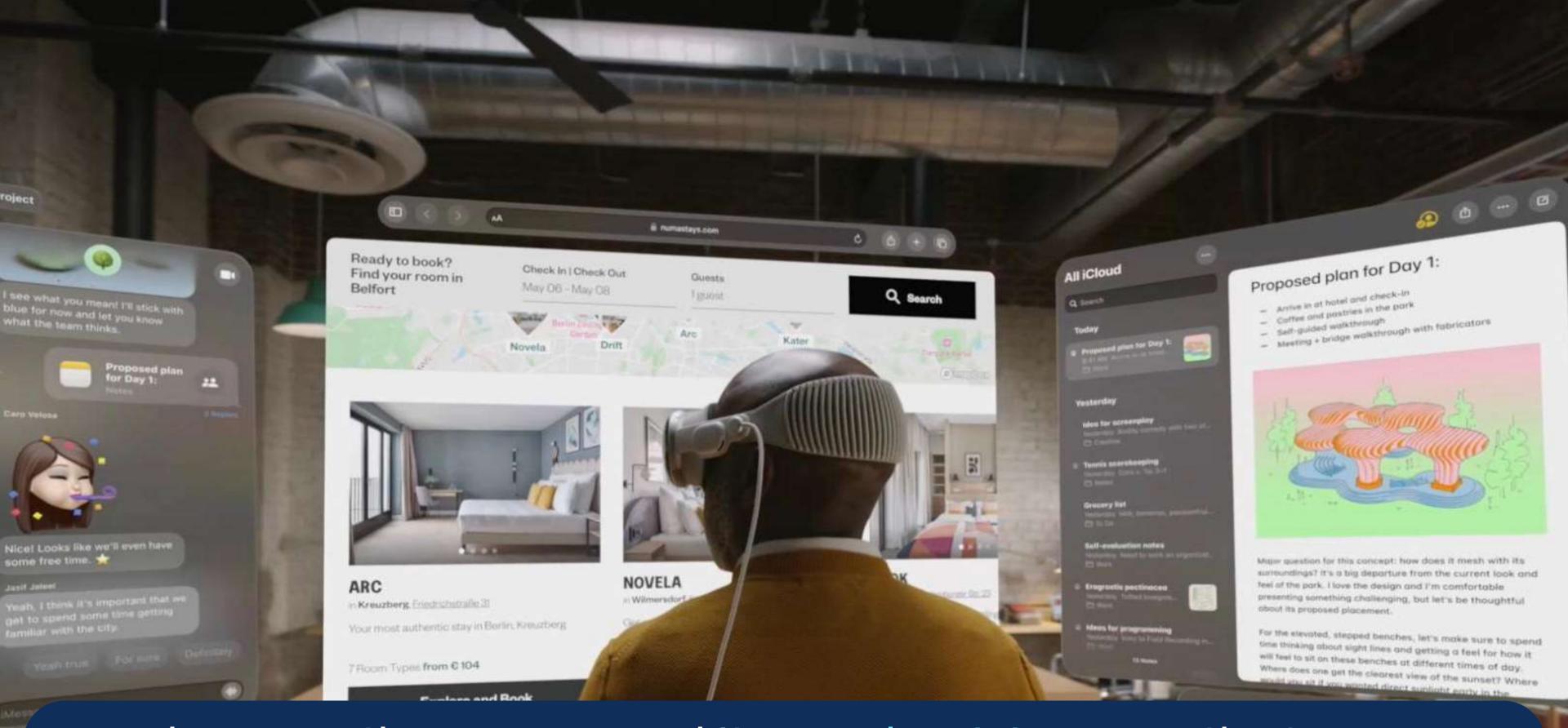
...Tethered headset that are just a display controlled by another device, like a PC or a video game console



...and standalone headsets that have all necessary components to provide virtual reality experiences integrated into the headset.



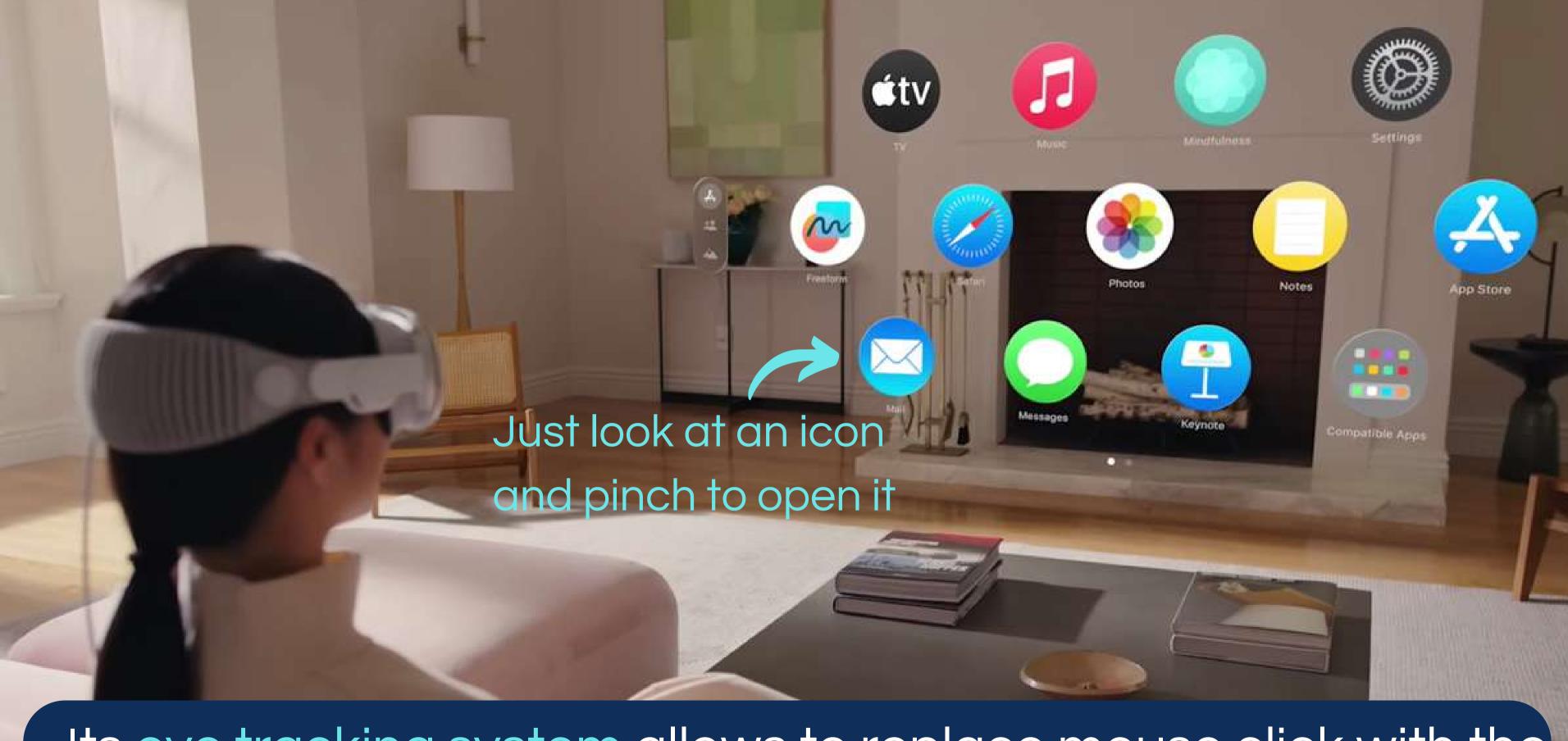
The most popular headsets in 2023 are the Meta Quest 2 (standalone) and the Sony Playstation VR2 (tethered)



Apple recently announced its Apple Vision Pro, that combines both VR and AR, both work and entertainment



With 12 cameras and a resolution of 4K for eyes, it has to be managed by two very powerful processors, M2 and R1



Its eye tracking system allows to replace mouse click with the pinching of the index finger and thumb together





# VR TOURIST VIDEOS

There are two types of VR tourist videos/photo:

- Monoscopic
- Stereoscopic



Monoscopic VR tourist videos/photo work much like a normal video: they can be viewed on smartphones and PC too. The viewer can click and drag the mouse on the screen to rotate the field of view, similar to turning the head to explore a scene (e.g: Google Street View)



Stereoscopic VR tourist videos only works for VR headsets and feature head tracking, so the tourists can move their head to explore the surroundings in a more realistic way



# VR IMPACT ON TOURISM

There are three main types of applications of VR to the tourism sector:

- VR travel experiences
- VR for travel agencies
- Virtual hotel/city tours



VR travel experiences are stereoscopic VR tourism videos that create the same feelings and emotions of being in the real destination, giving users a taste of what it's like to be there

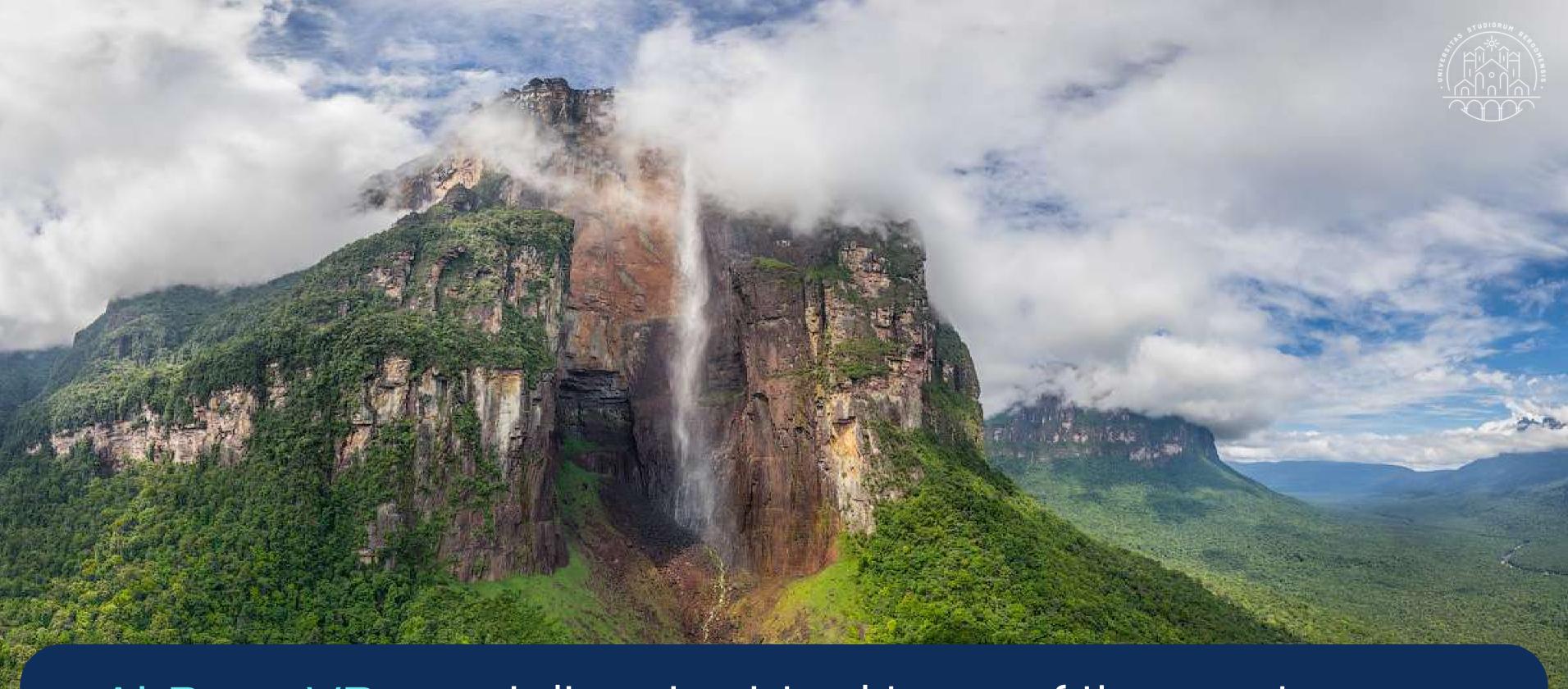


VR for travel agencies replaces classic brochures and screens inside the travel agencies, to offer prospective clients short video clips of virtual travel experiences instead

Virtual hotel tours are usually monoscopic VR tourism videos that allow users to explore a hotel with a 360° interactive tour in which the users can choose which rooms to explore



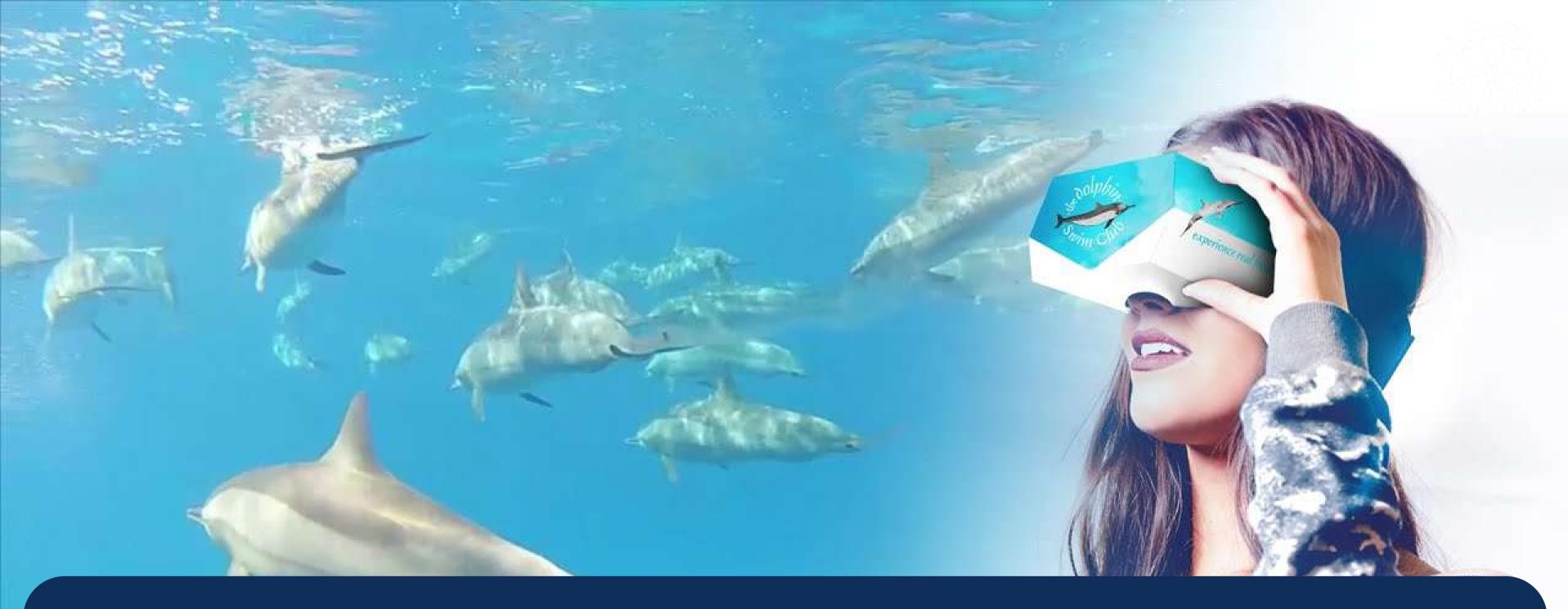




AirPano VR specializes in virtual tours of the most beautiful places of the world, e.g. Angel Falls in Venezuela







Visit Wales published some VR videos of dolphins to get more people interested in wildlife attractions tours and they doubled their bookings



Both British Museum and Louvre offer virtual tours

https://www.britishmuseum.org/blog/how-explore-british-museum-home













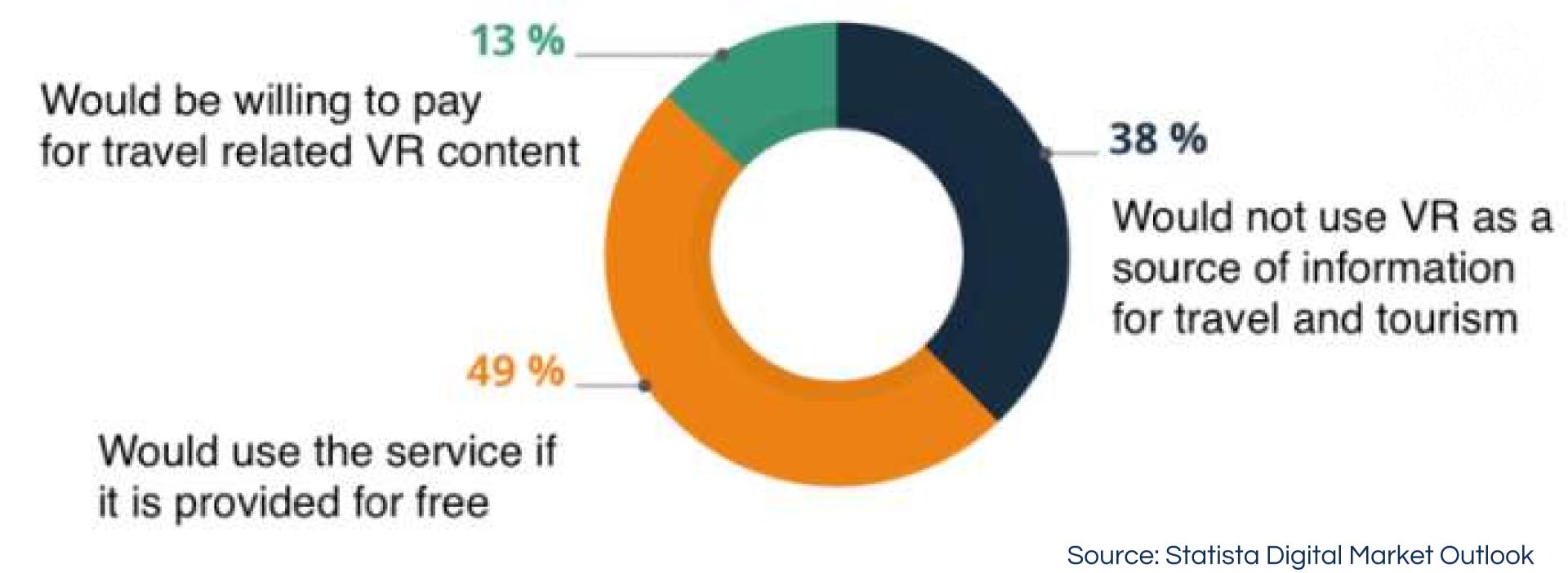
## VR IMPACT ON TOURIS

The impact of VR on tourism is still low but it is expaning along with the technology, that is evolving at a rapid rate

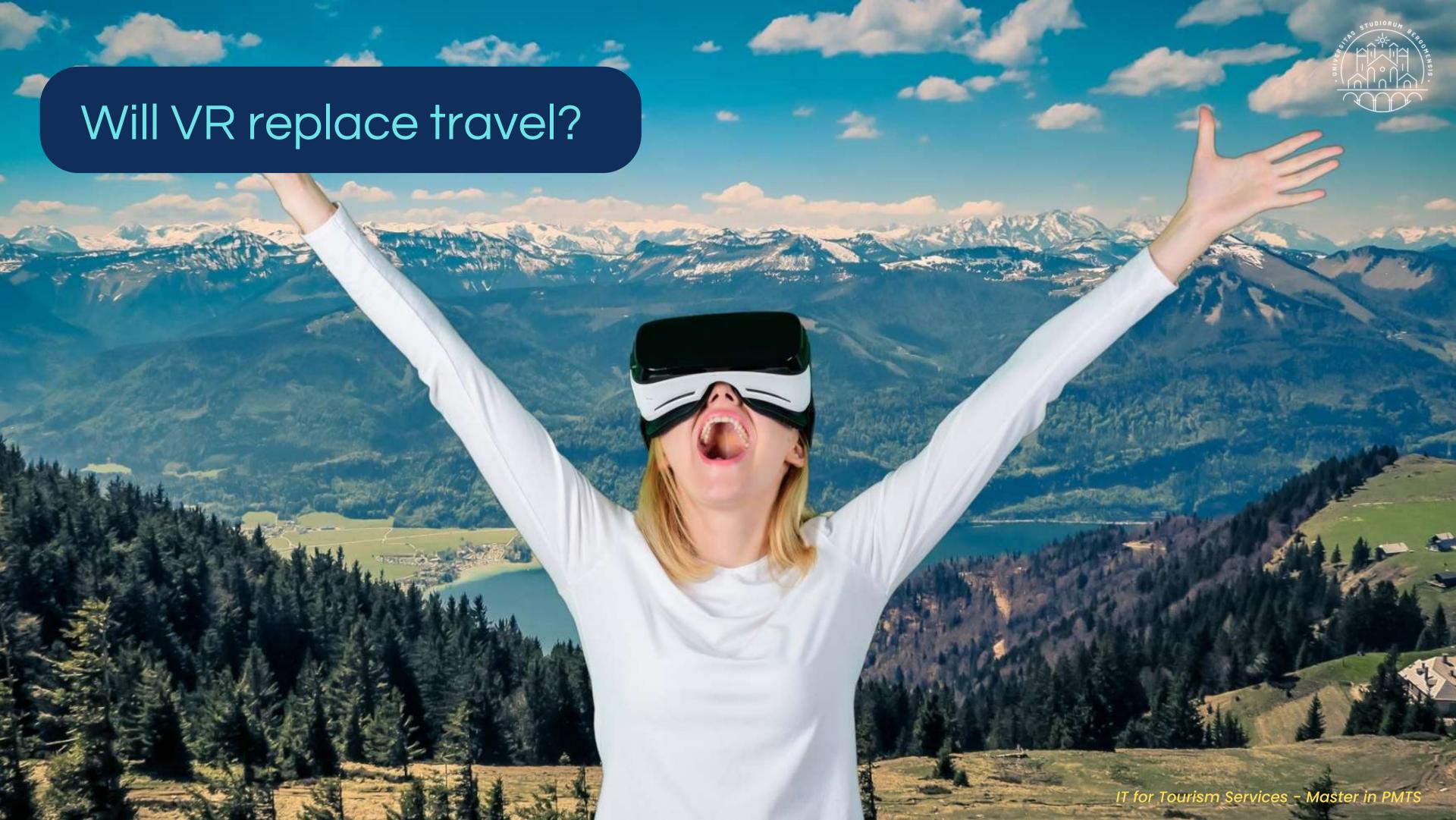
- Explore a location at will
- Try before you buy approach
- Make consumers think about travelling to places that they wouldn't have considered otherwise
- Reduce overtourism by simulating visit to vulnerable destinations
- Providing travel experiences to those who cannot travel (e.g. old or sick people)
- Allow travel companies to stand out from the crowd

## VR IMPACT ON TOURISME

Advantages of VR for tourism sector are many



50% of people'd use VR as a tool for choosing their holiday destination, provided it is free. 13% of people would be willing to pay for the VR

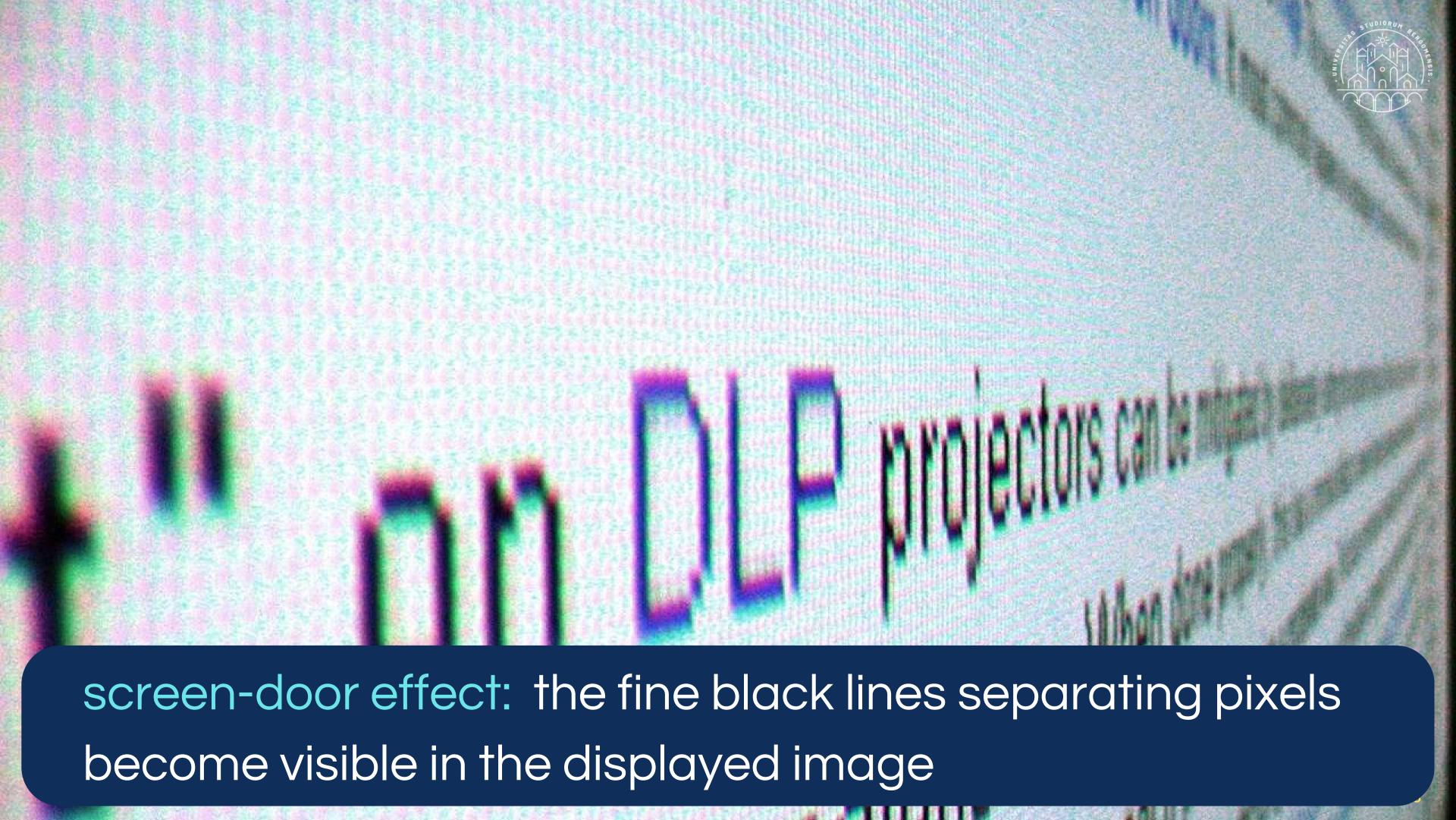








VR has some issues to solve before becoming mainstream: motion sickness, eye stress, lack of vision of the surroundings, high costs and the screen-door effect







Augmented Reality (AR) is technology that is not as famous or popular as VR but it was adopted much faster than VR as the technical requirements are much lower and headsets are not obligatory, so there are no drawbacks

## It is an example of disrupting technology: an innovation that no one expected and has a big impact on society





AR was made popular in 2016 by the game Pokemon GO. Its app was downloaded a billion times.

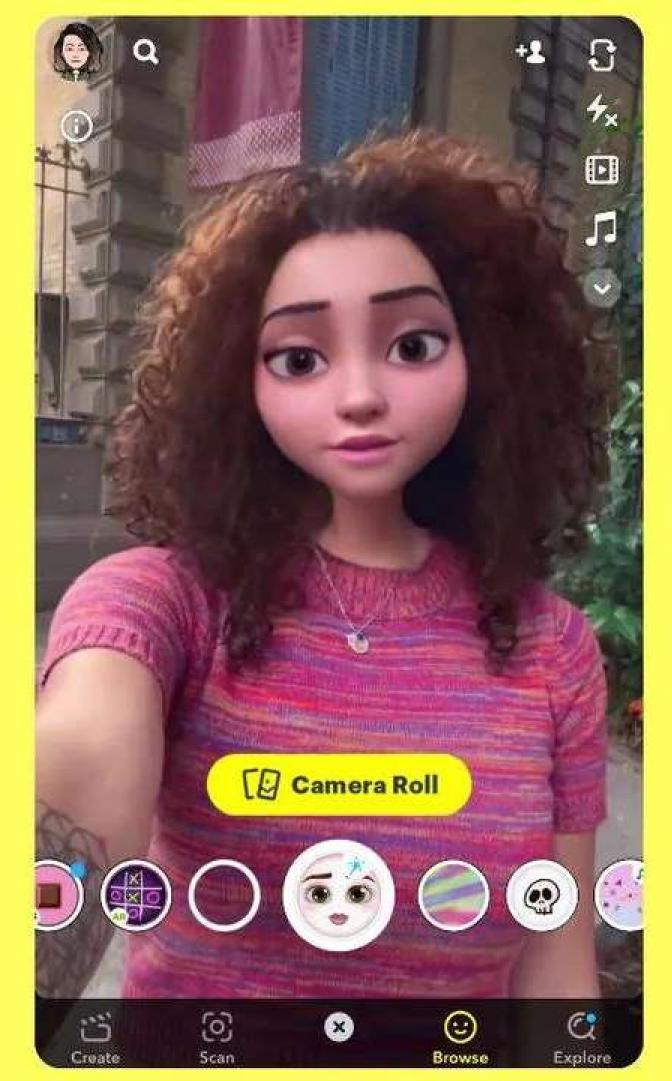


AR consists in displaying computer-generated content over the real world thanks to sensors that track the position and orientation of the device (e.g: GPS, compass)

For example, Google Maps has a feature called "Live View" that directs you to your destination thanks to virtual arrows and pointers









Cartoon 3D Style by Snapchat



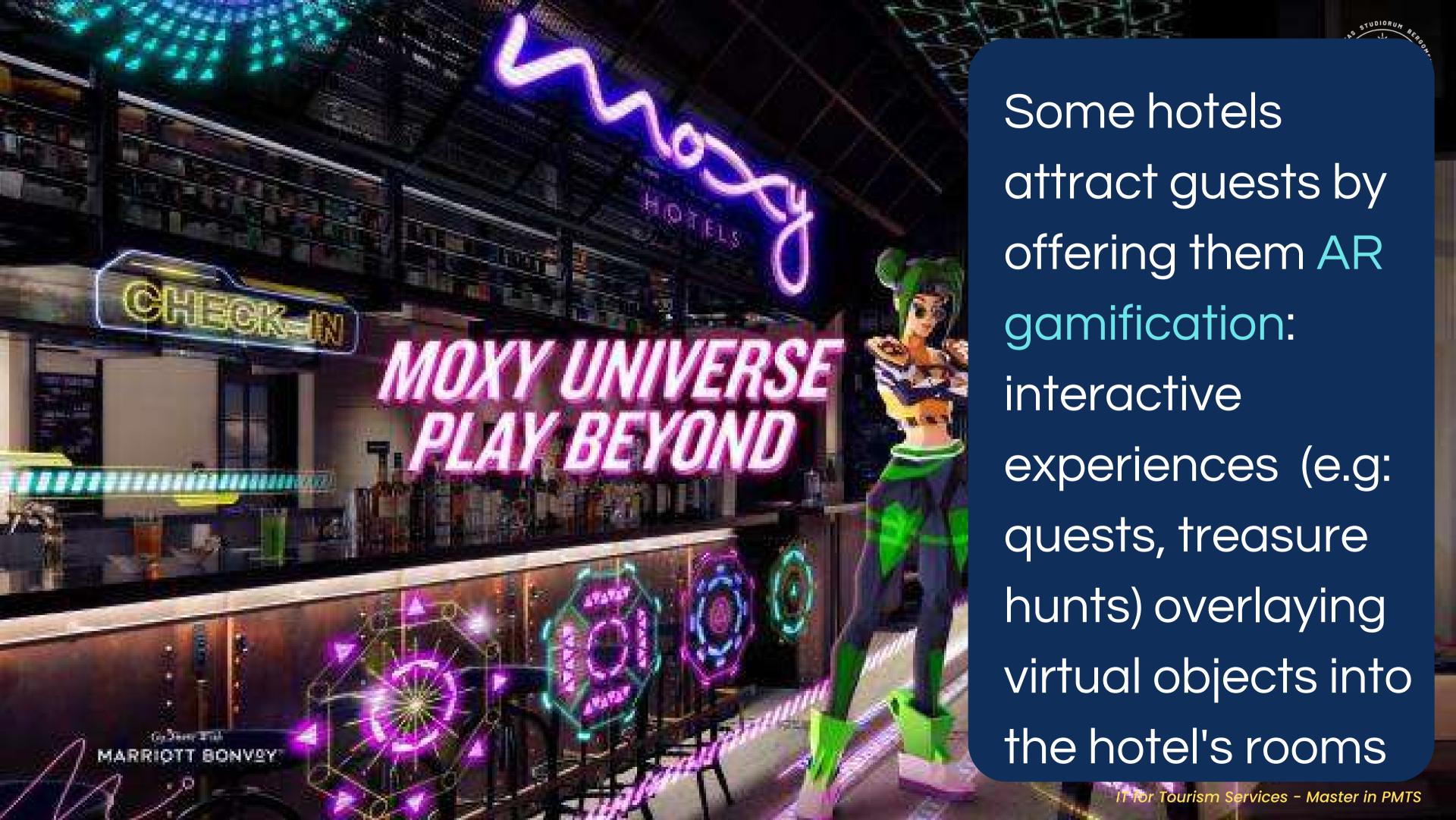
Even the social media Snapchat employs a form of AR to apply filters and add special effects



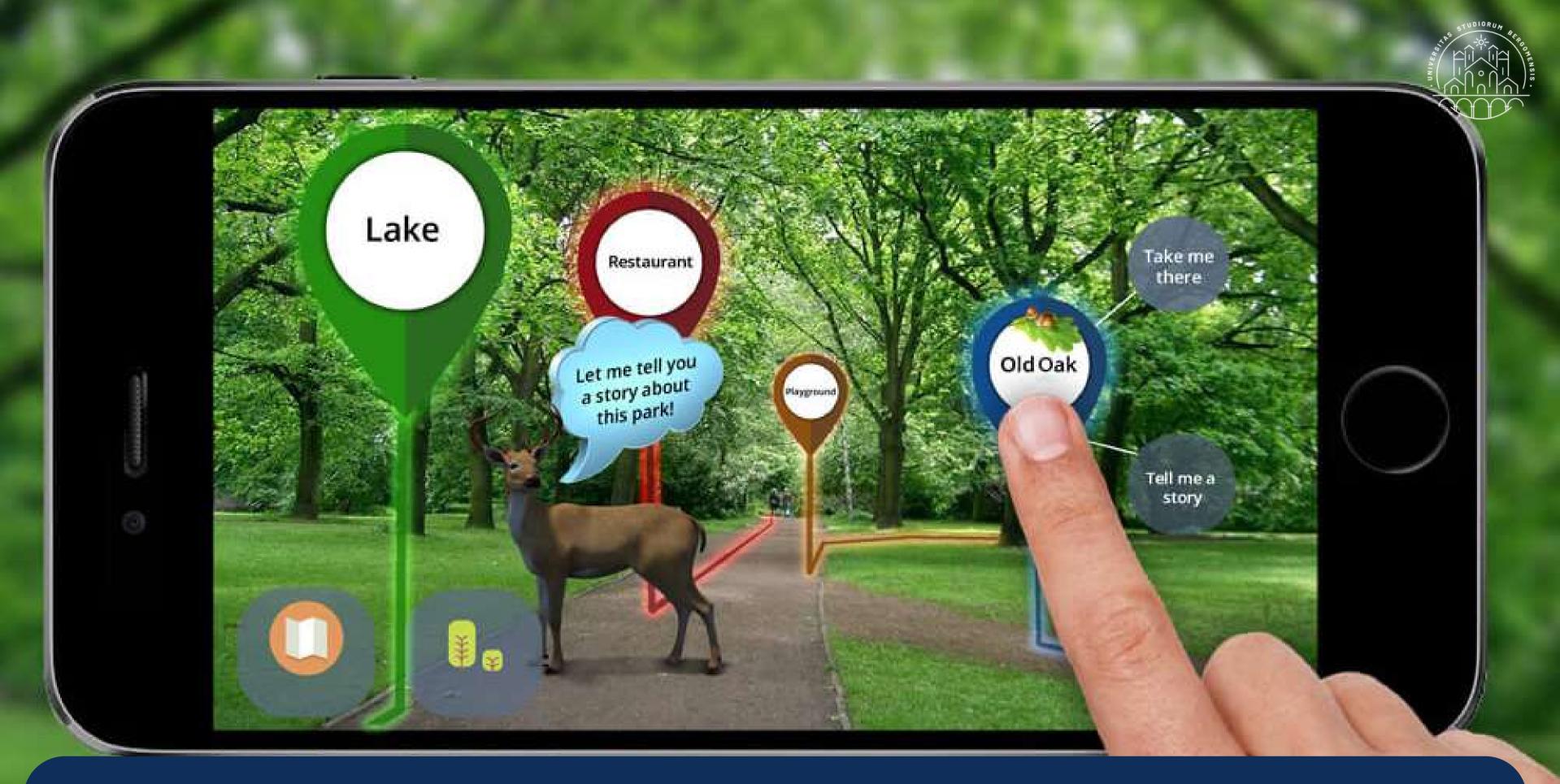
City Tour apps display info on the screen regarding places of interest, museums, galleries, and other tourist attractions



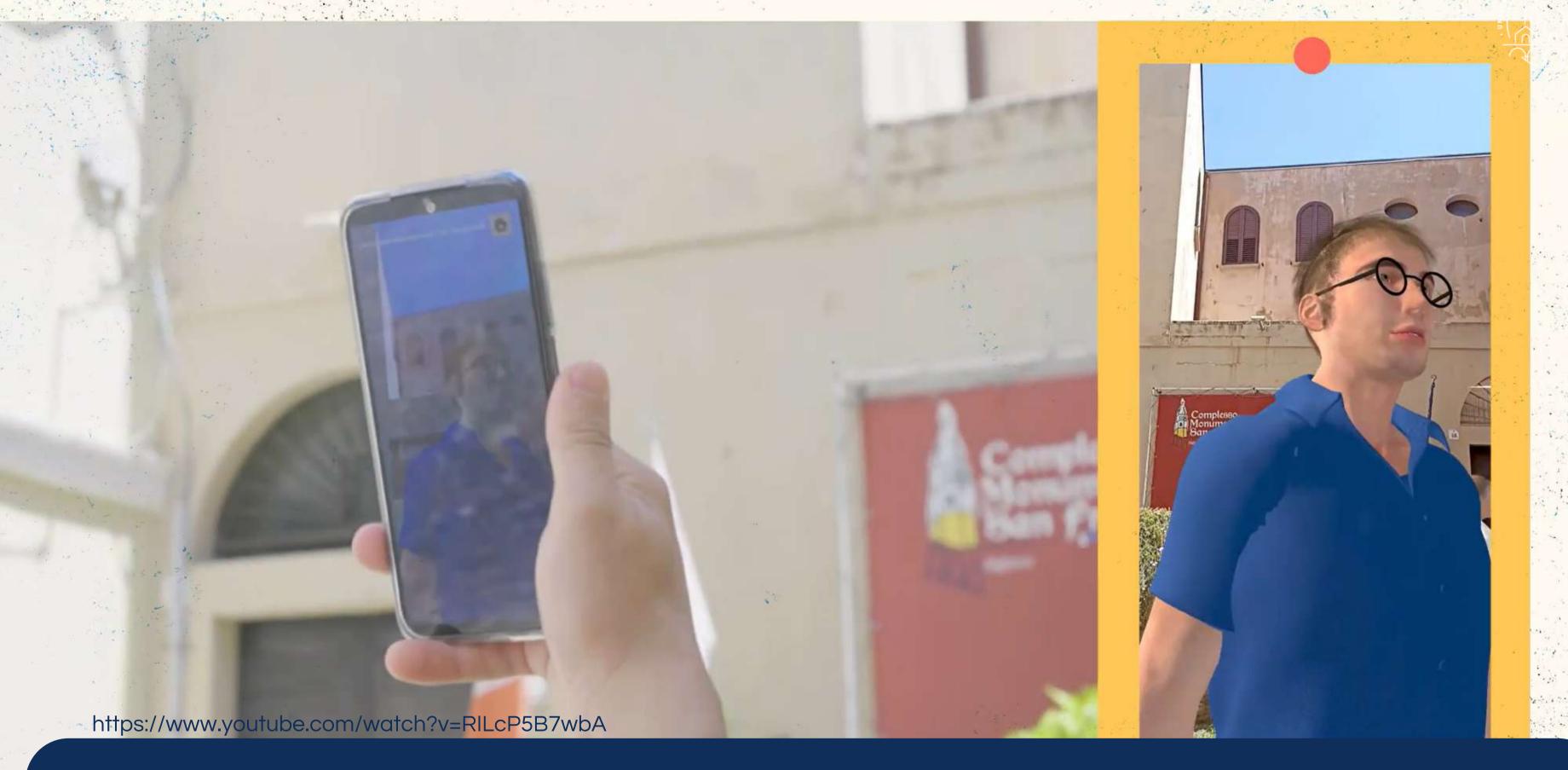
They can also include audio, announcing features of interest at a particular site when they become visible to the user



Augmented Reality Quest at the Best Western Kelowna - Shaw TV coverage Informazioni Guarda più tardi Condividi A branchiosaurus head coming out of a virtual swimming pool of a Best Western hotel to entertain children Pausa (k) IT for Tourism Services - Master in PMTS



It works well also in other locations

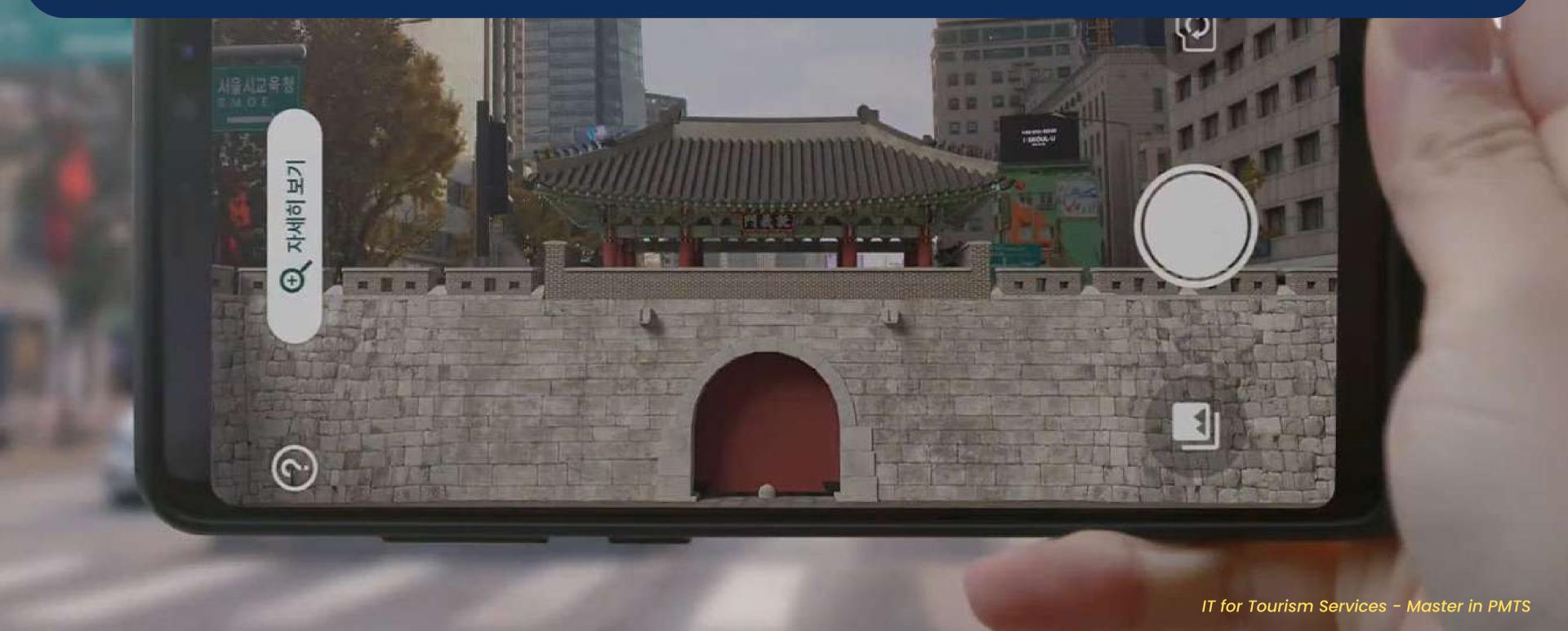


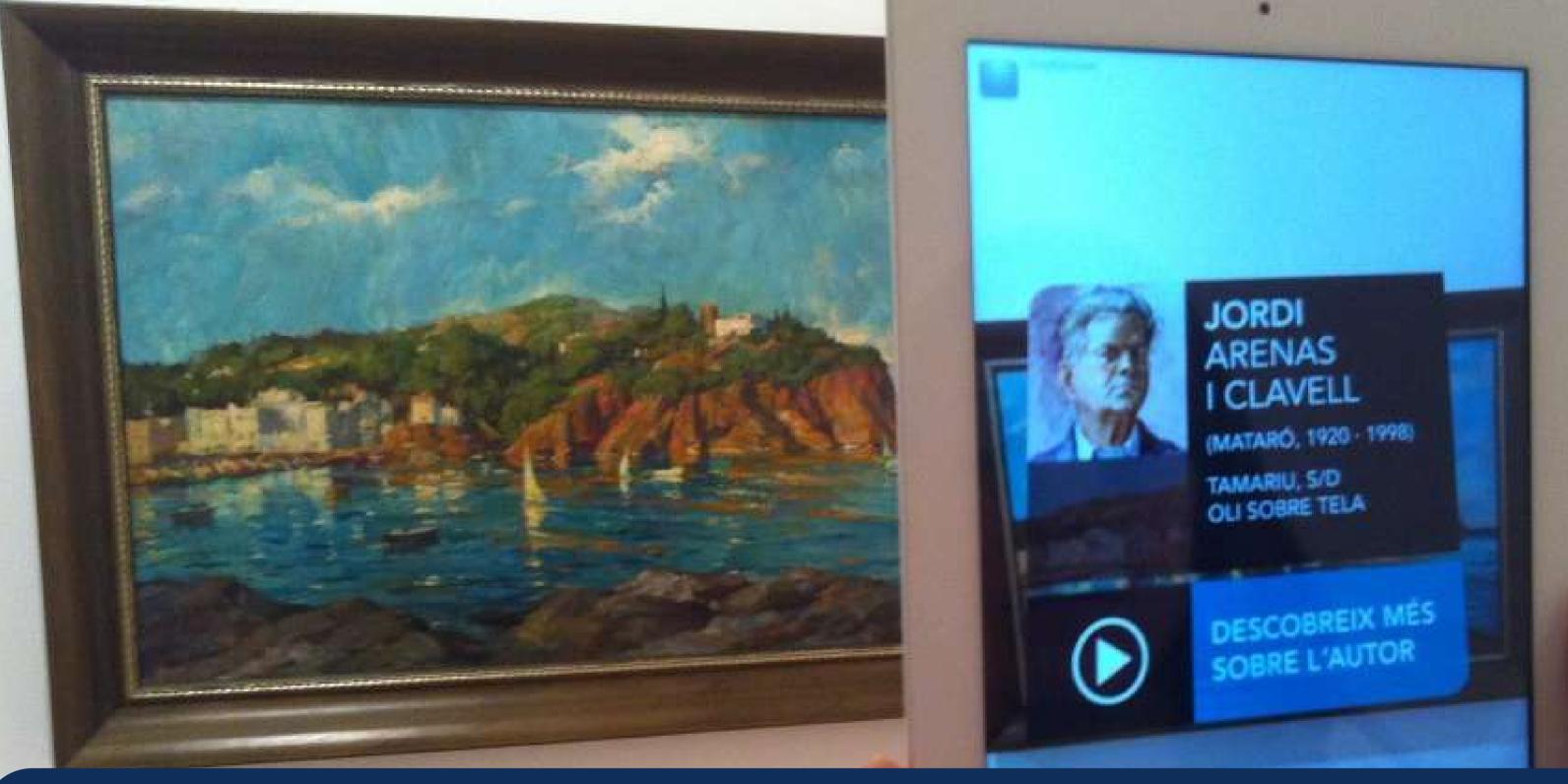
Or to promote cities like Alghero (-> www.playalghero.it)

An ancient gate of Seoul was rebuilt virtually with AR. Physically it'd have been impossible as the city grew around it.



This is an example of smart tourism, e.g. of improving the experience of the tourists (in this case, explore a long-forgotten history of the city) thanks to IT

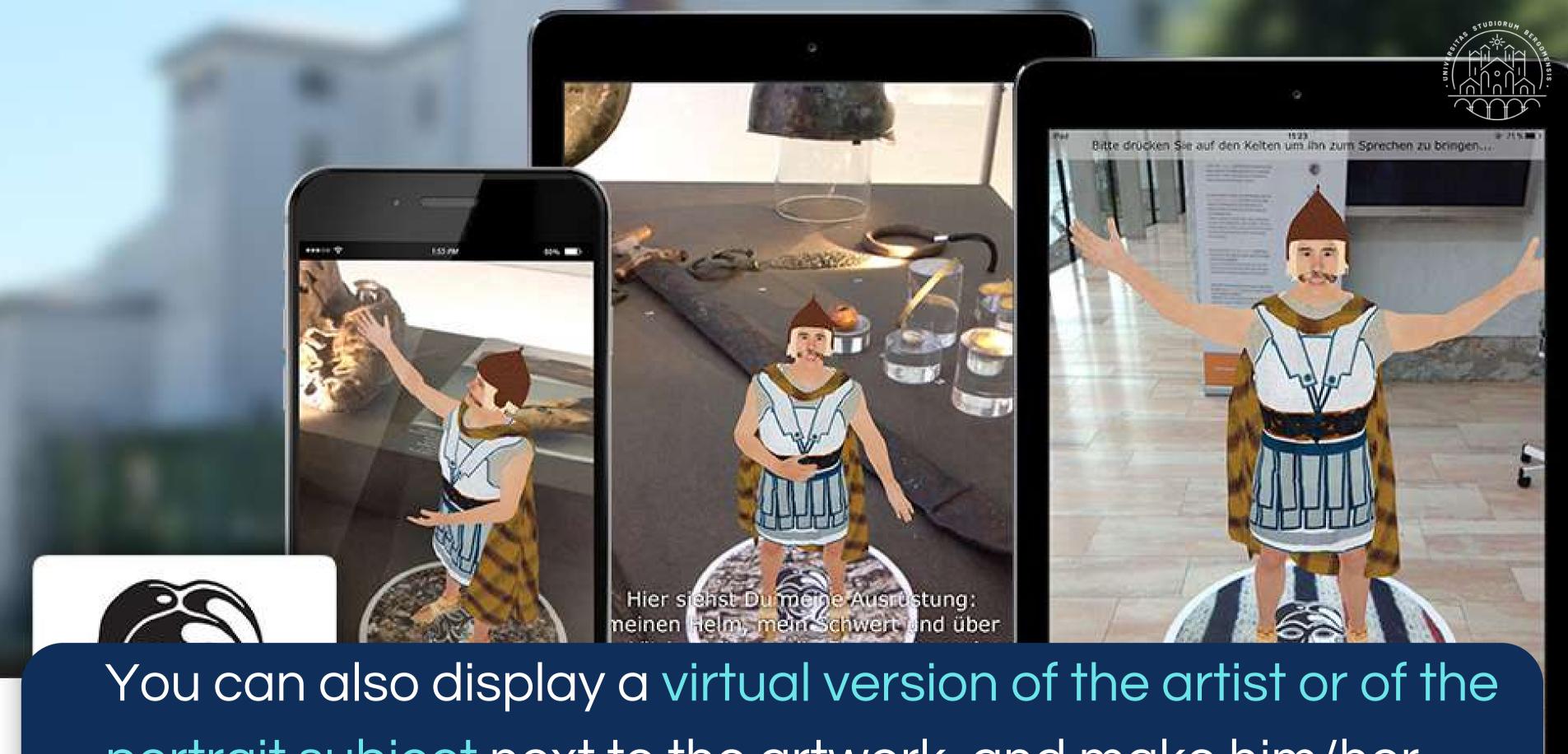




tant en essència com per la immensitat de la tabara com un violent onalge que treves

nificencia es tradueix en un na, on fambé hi té presencia persones accentus aquesta I qual ens n'allunyem quan de color, lium i moviment.

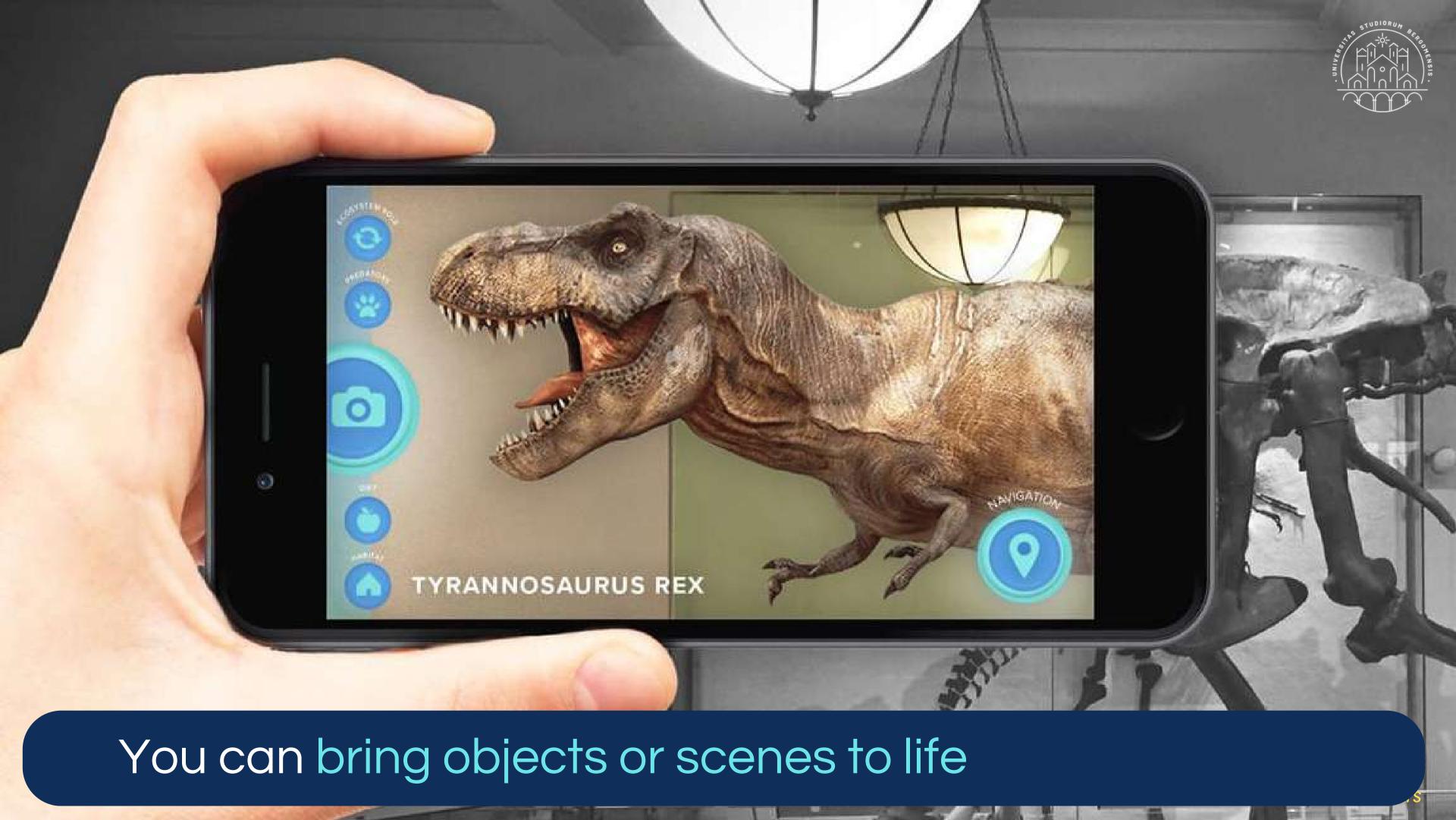
There are many possibilities for the use of AR in museums. The most straightforward way is to get more information when visitors view exhibitions



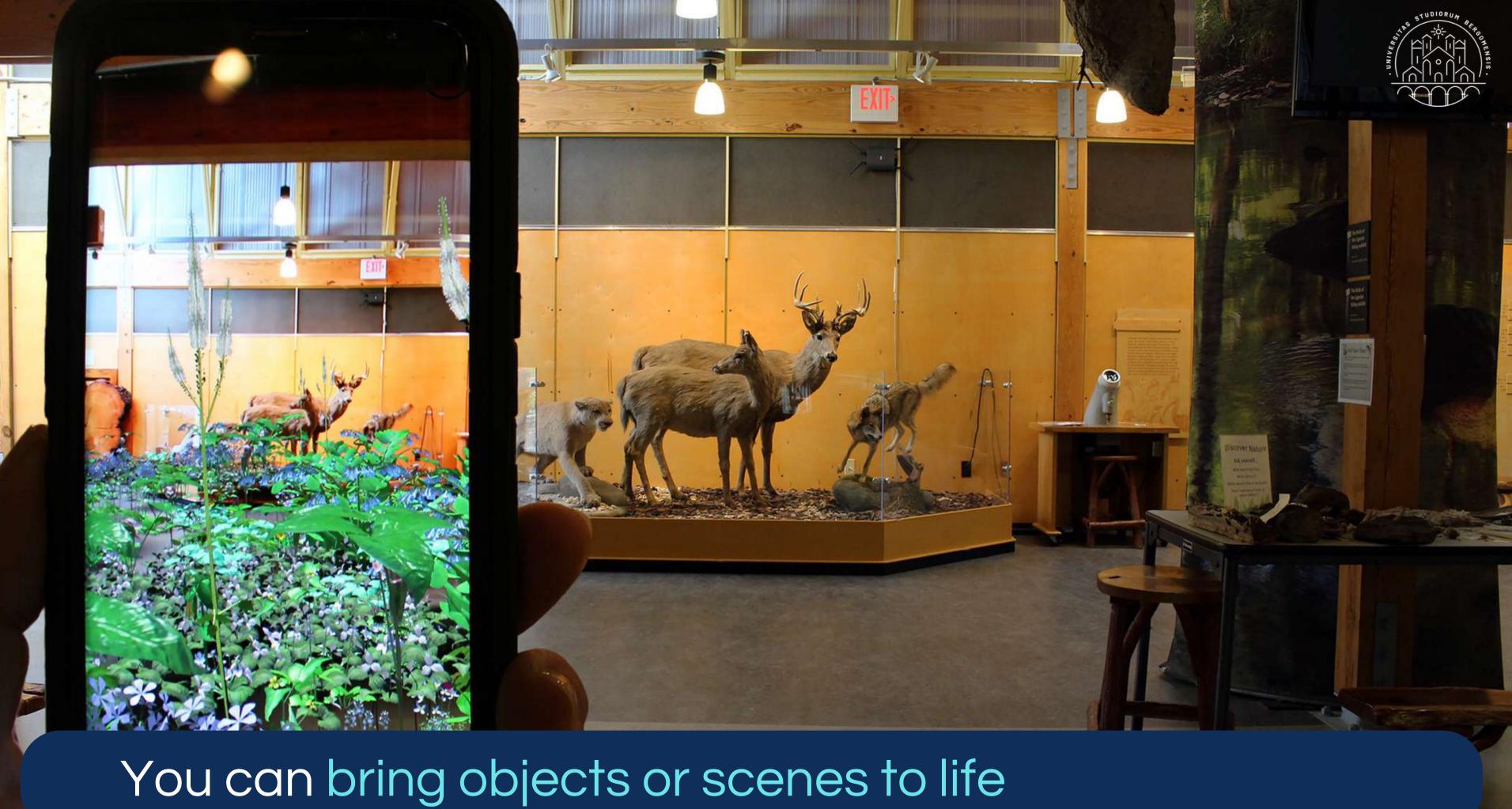
You can also display a virtual version of the artist or of the portrait subject next to the artwork, and make him/her speak to provide a narration of the artwork

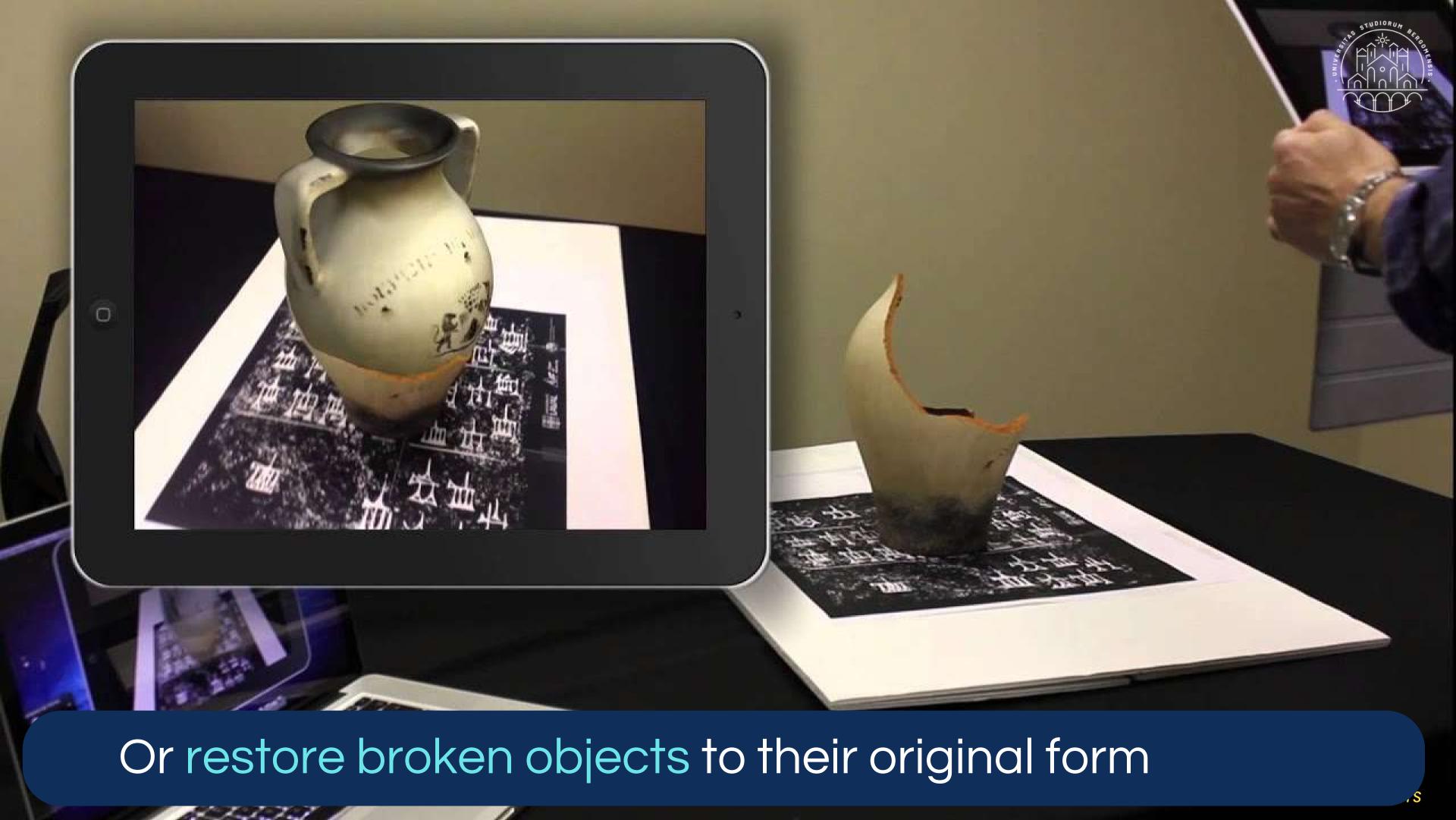


...unless he/she prefers to leave the portrait











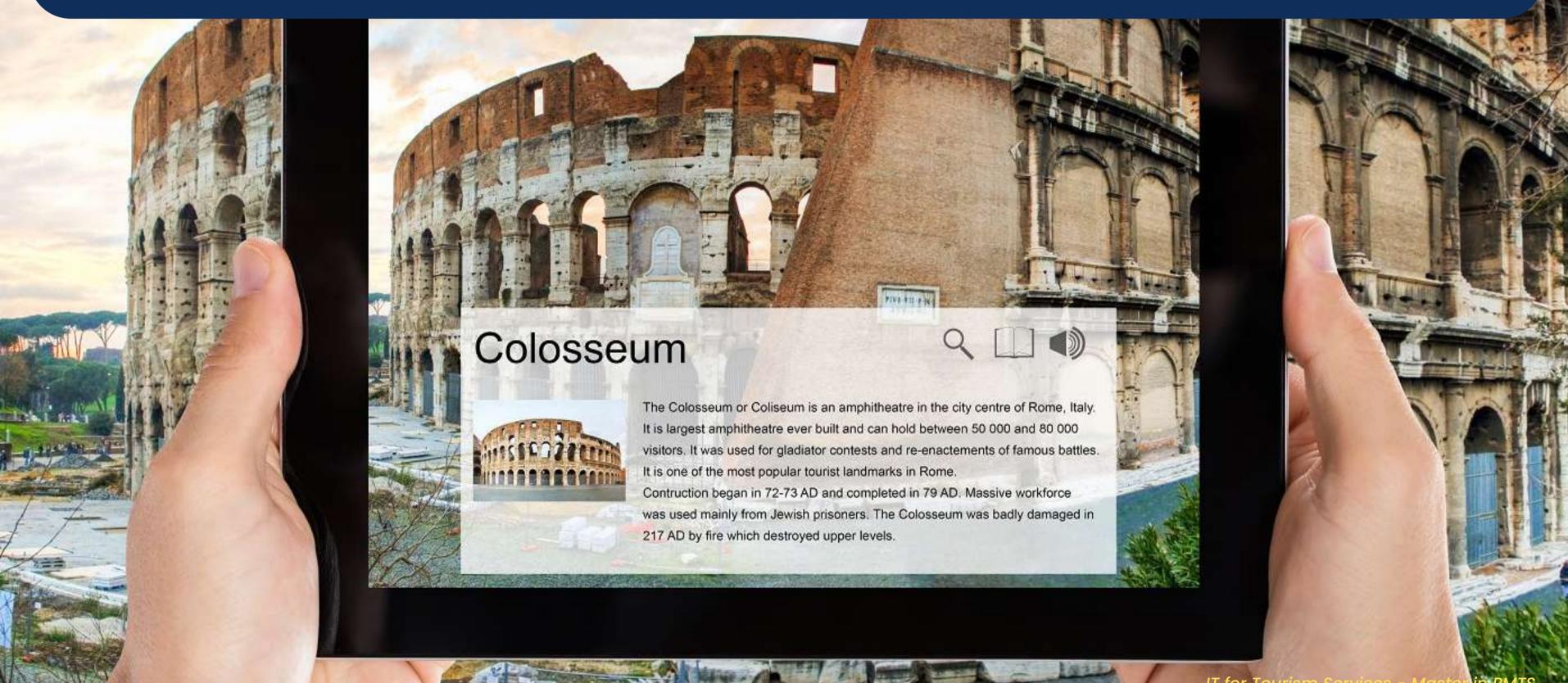


Possibilities are endless

## Travel agencies can also employ brouchures that AR trasforms in a 3D version to advertise the location

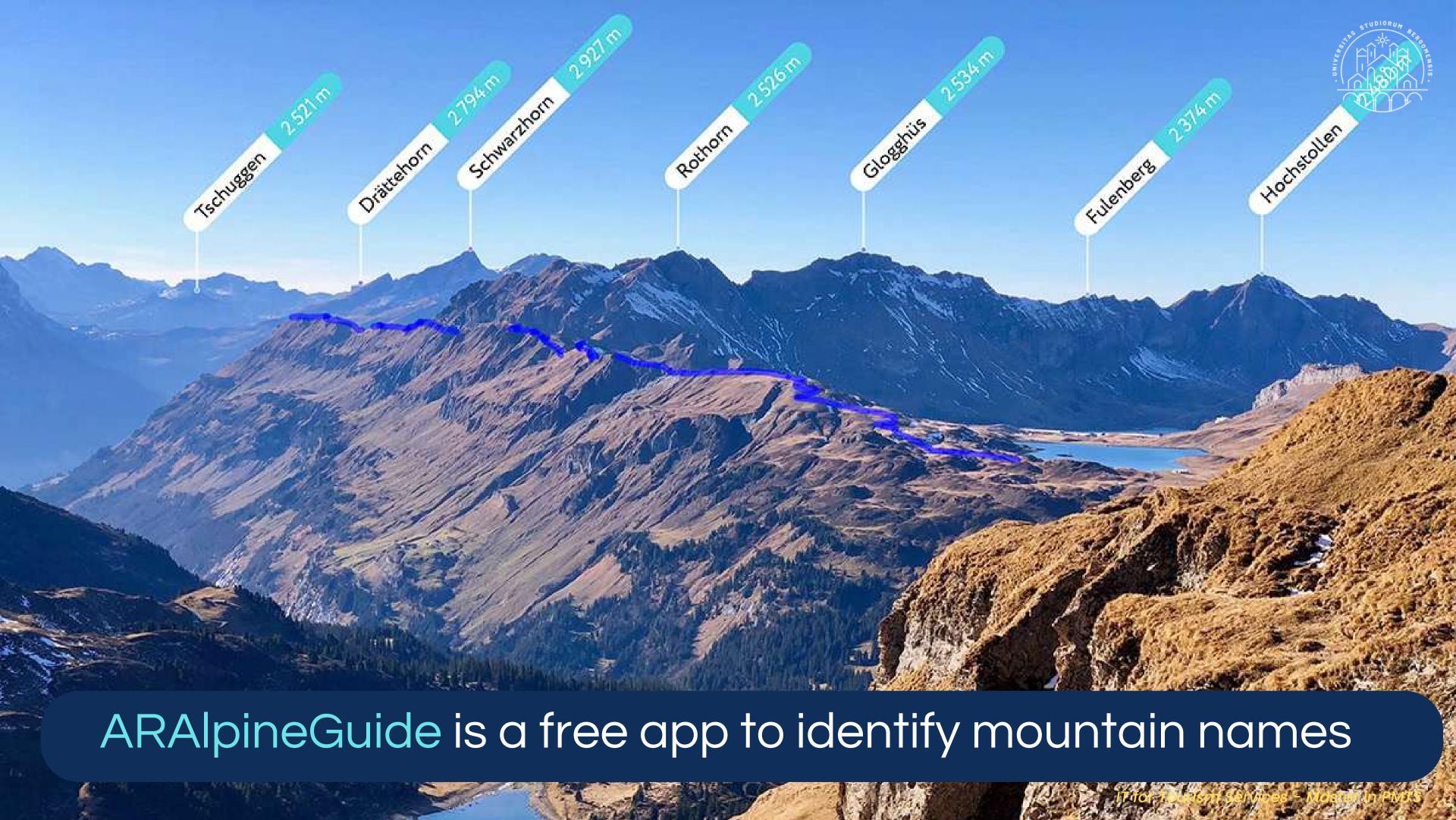


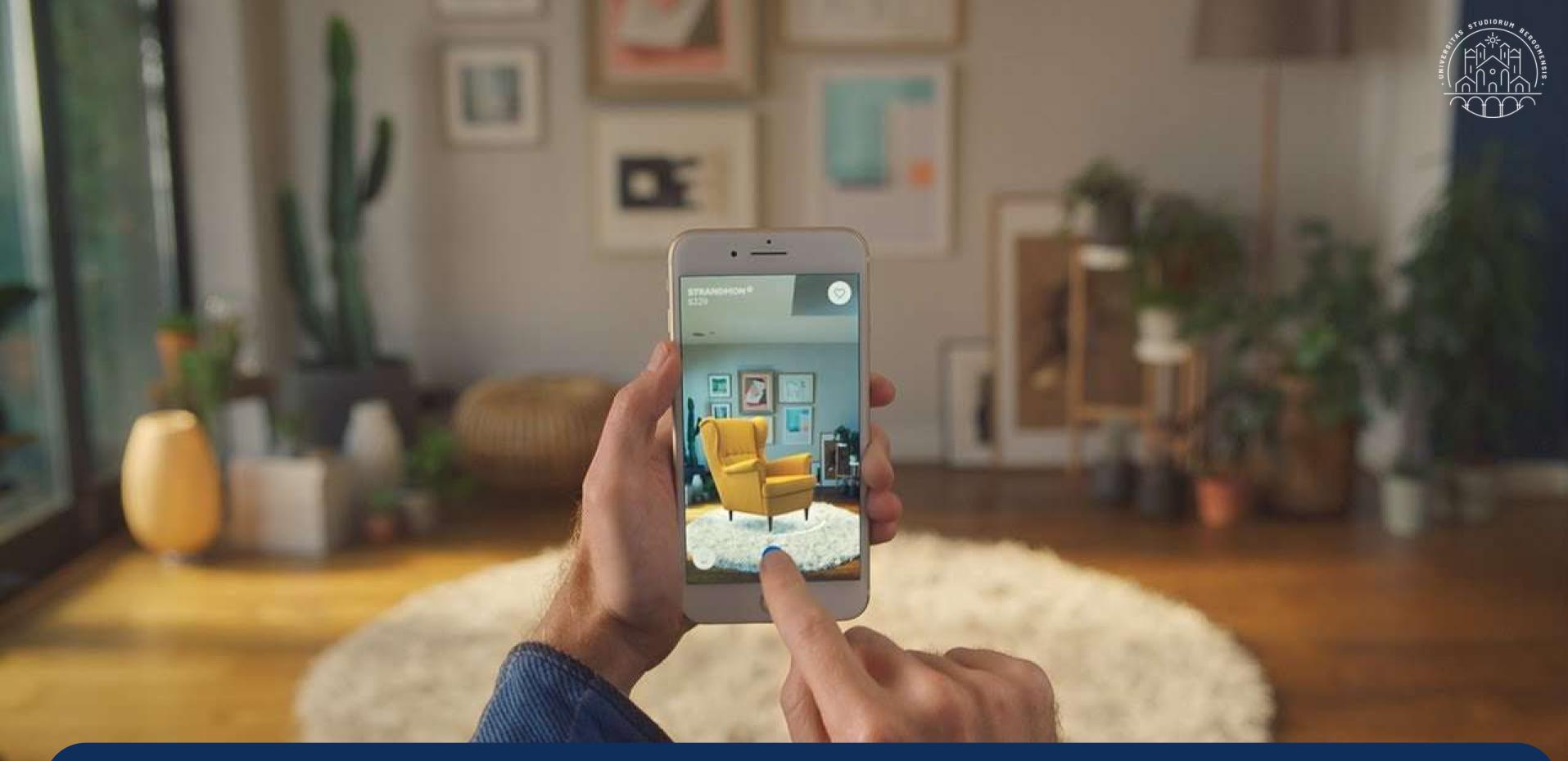
## AR is less used than VR to advertise travels and locations. It is usually employed to enhance the tourist experience





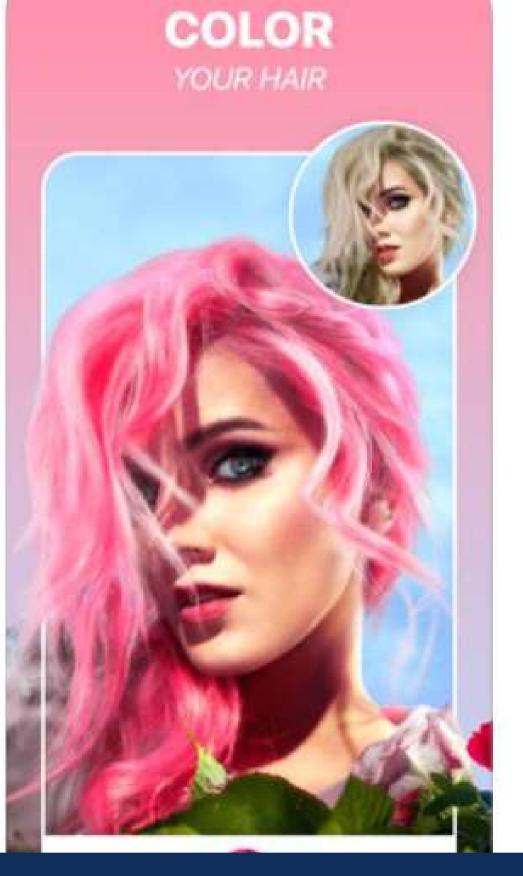
Example of free AR apps less related to tourism





IKEA Place allows users to preview IKEA furniture in their houses

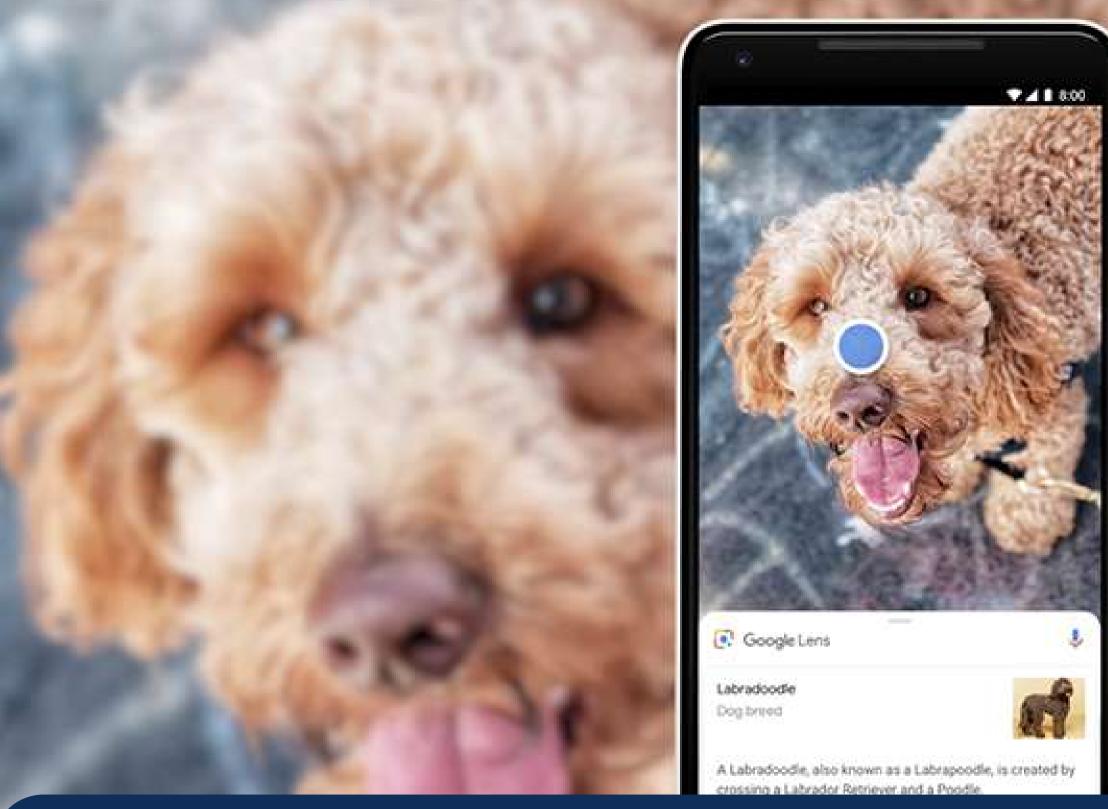








YouCam Makeup lets users virtually try on real-life cosmetics





Google Lens is a powerful app: users point the smartphone at an object to identify what it is, give informations about it and eventually where to buy it

Vufuria Chalk is a simple but useful app in which you can share your screen with another person that can draw on your screen with augmented reality chalk marks that work like visual annotations, letting you find the right buttons, switches and controls, without the confusion caused by verbal descriptions







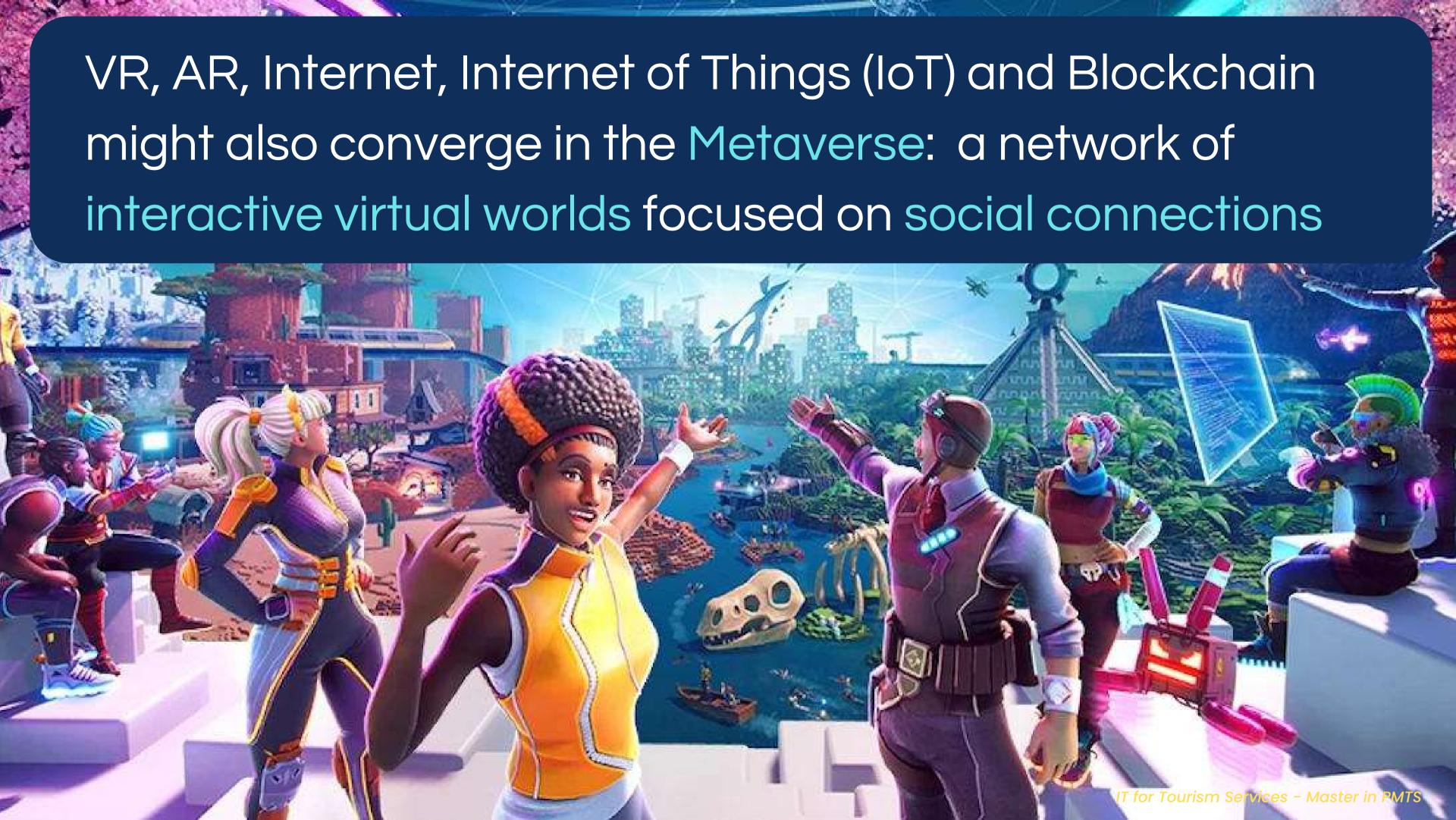


Contrary to VR, AR has a bright future ahead mainly because of its accessibility.





All it takes to access an AR system is a device with GPS, webcam and internet connection (standard in every smartphone, tablet or PC): AR is within the reach of all

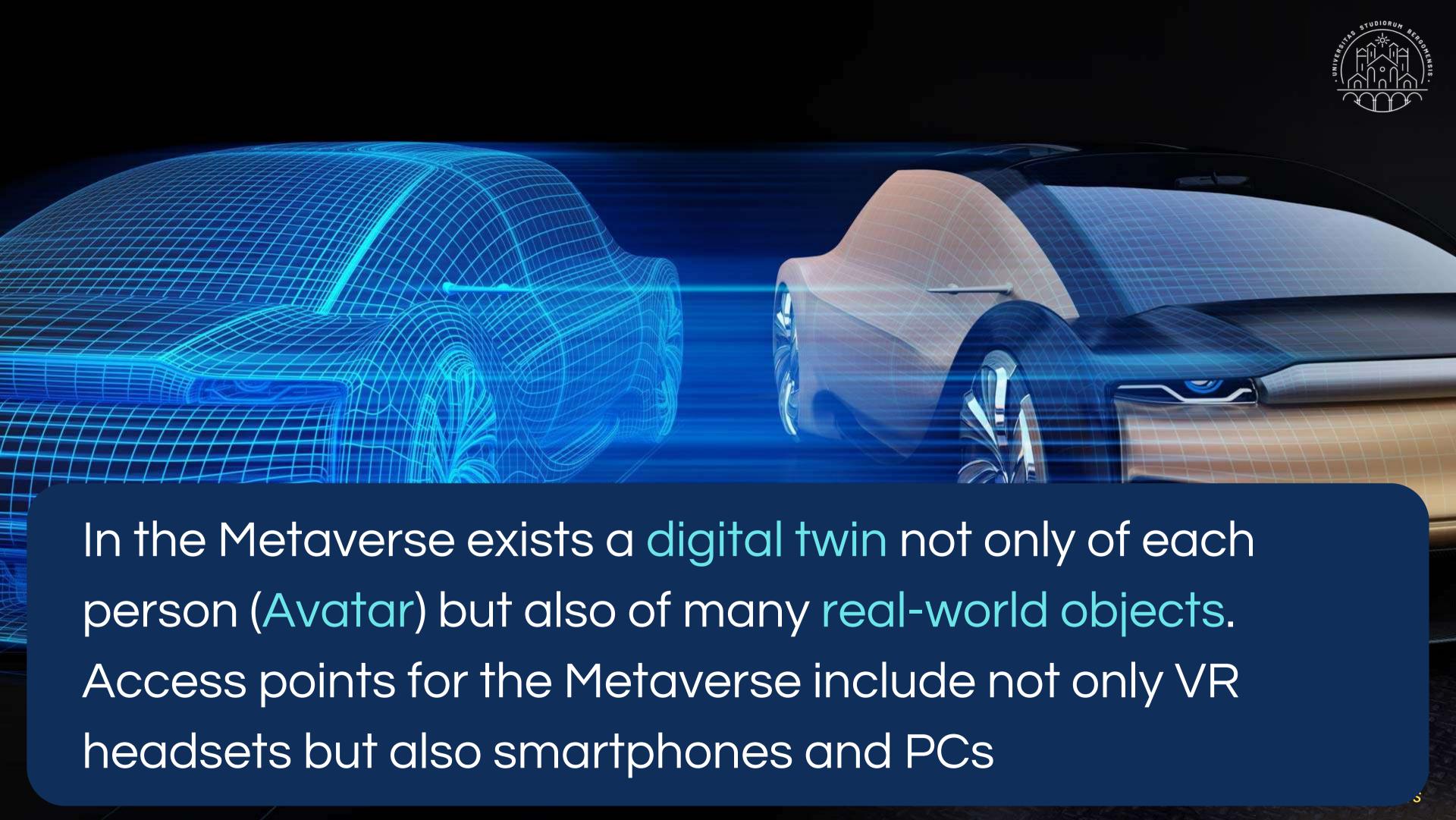


Metaverse is similar to Second Life platform, or World of Warcraft online game, or to the Oasis world of the "Ready Player 1" movie. Facebook bet so much on the Metaverse to rebrand itself as Meta



People will go shopping (paying with cryptovalues), meet their friends sitting around a table with them, go to work or school in virtual rooms, and even visit the doctor and do some sports together



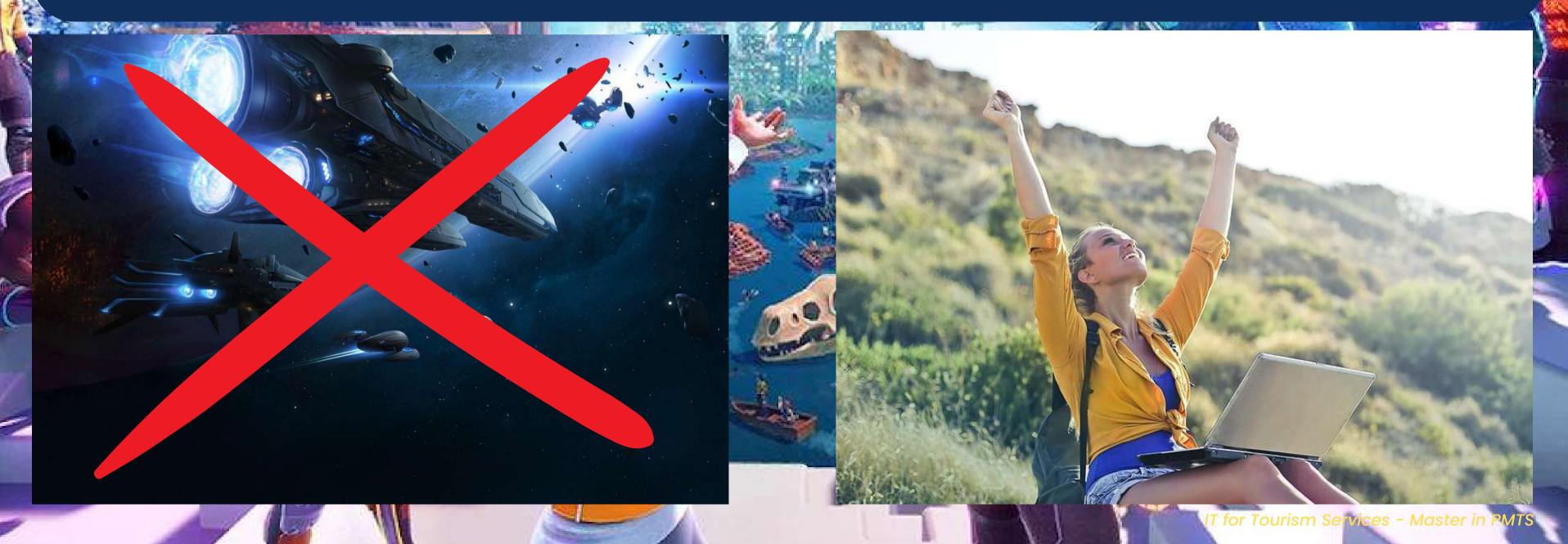




At present the Metaverse is still a hypothetical IT that is at least 10 years in the future. If realized, Facebook will probably dominate the Metaverse



Forecasts of the future of technology are usually wrong: last century futurists imagined that in 2020s technology'd evolve to spaceships and flying machines, instead of smartphones and remote working



The impact of the Metaverse on tourism sector won't be very big because VR will always be used mainly for marketing, and not to replace travel: VR worlds will always be just a surrogate of the real world



Imagine a distant future where humans are directly connected to the Metaverse: even this won't allow us to travel with the body, only with the mind: true travels'll always be beyond any computer simulation





Metaverse might have a bigger impact on education:
Facebook is testing the first Metaschools and Metaversities,
virtual universities where the avatars of students and
professors meet to have lessons in virtual spaces